

SUSTAINABLE CITIES PROJECT-II Additional Financing

KONYA METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY

Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project

Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP)





OCTOBER 2023











REVISION HISTORY

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TABLE OF CONTENT

l.	INTR	ODUCTION	1
II.	PRO	ECT DESCRIPTION	2
III.	PURF	POSE AND SCOPE OF THE SEP	10
IV.	PUBL	IC CONSULTATION/STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS	11
	IV.1	National Regulations and Requirements	11
	IV.2	International Requirements and WB Policies	12
V.	PRE\	IOUS STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES	13
VI.	STAK	EHOLDER IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS	16
VII.	STAK	EHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PROGRAM	21
	VII.1	Methods for Information Dissemination and Stakeholder Consultation	21
	VII.2	Consultation Documentation	25
	VII.3	Schedule and Timetable	26
	VII.4	COVID-19 Conditions	28
VIII.	ROLE	S AND RESPONSIBILITIES	29
IX.	GRIE	VANCE REDRESS MECHANISM	32
	IX.1	Purpose of Grievance Redress Mechanism	32
	IX.2	Principles of Grievance Redress Mechanism	32
	IX.3	Responsible Parties	33
	IX.4	Grievance Procedure	33
Χ.	MON	TORING AND REPORTING	40
	APPE	NDIX 1: EIA Exemption Letter	42
	APPE	NDIX 2: Newspaper Announcements	43
	APPE	NDIX 3: Sample Grievance Register	44
		NDIX 4: Sample Grievance Form	
		NDIX 5: Sample Grievance Closeout Form	
		NDIX 6: Sample Consultation Form	
		NDIX 7: Photos of Stakeholder Consultation Meeting	
		NDIX 8: Participation List of Stakeholder Consultation Meeting	
		NDIX 9: Presentation Demonstrated during Stakeholder Consultation Meeting	
	APPE	NDIX 10: Brochure of Project Distributed during Stakeholder Consultation Meeting	61























LIST OF TABLES

A summary for stakeholder categories is given in Table VI.1.	16
Table VI.1 Stakeholder Categories	17
Table VI.2 Project's Stakeholder List	18
Table VI.3 Population of Neighborhoods within the Project Area (TurkStat, 2021)	19
Table VI.4 Sample Table for the Needs of Project Stakeholders	20
Table VII.1 Stakeholders/Purpose of Communication / Type and Method of Communication	22
Table VII.2 Details of Planned Public Consultation	25
Table VII.2 Proposed Stakeholder Engagement Program during Project Implementation	27
Table VII.3 Sample Table for Stakeholder Engagement Log	28
Table VIII.1 Structure of KOSKI/PIU	29
Table IX.1 Grievance Redress Mechanism Flowchart	37
Table X.1 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for SEP Monitoring	40











LIST OF FIGURES

Figure II.1 Districts of Konya Province	4
Figure II.2 Site Location Map for the Project Area	
Figure II.3 Potential Social Aol of the Project	
Figure V.1 Interview with the Sarayonu Mukhtar	14
Figure VII.1 Sample Participation List	26
Figure IX.1 Screenshot of KOSKI Website	34
Figure IX.2 Sample grievance redress mechanism for workers	39











LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AFAD Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency

AoI Area of Influence
BPs Bank Procedures

CIMER Presidency's Communication Center

CEKUL Foundation for the Protection and Promotion of the Environment and Cultural Heritage

DSi General Directorate for State Hydraulic Works

ENCON ENCON Cevre Danismanlik Ltd. Sti.

E&S Environmental and Social

ESIA Environmental and Social Impact Assessment

ESMF Environmental and Social Management Framework

ESMP Environmental and Social Management Plan
ESMRs Environmental and Social Monitoring Reports

EU European Union

FI Financial Intermediary

GBV Gender Based Violence

GRM Grievance Redress MechanismIFC International Finance CorporationIFI International Finance Institutions

ILBANK ILBANK A.Ş.

KOSKI Konya Metropolitan Municipality General Directorate of Water & Sewerage

Administration

KTO Konya Chamber of CommerceKPIs Key Performance Indicators

MoEUCC Ministry of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change

MoH Ministry of Health

MSP Municipal Services Project

m³/day Cubic meter per day

NGO Non-Governmental Organization
OHS Occupational Health and Safety

Ops Operational Policies

PAP/s Project Affected Person(s)











PIF Project Information File

PIU Project Implementation Unit

SCM Stakeholder Consultation Meeting

SCP-II-AF Sustainable Cities Project-II - Additional Financing
SEA/SH Sexual Exploitation and Abuse / Sexual Harassment

SEP Stakeholder Engagement Plan

TAYCED Waste and Environmental Management Association

Turkish Foundation for Combating Soil Erosion, Reforesting and the Protection of

Natural Habitats

The Project Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project

TMMOB Union of Chambers of Turkish Engineers and Architects

TUMAS Turk Muhendislik Musavirlik ve Muteahhitlik A.S.

TurkStat Turkish Statistical Institute

WB The World Bank

WHO World Health Organization

WWF World Wildlife Fund

WWTP Wastewater Treatment Plant

YIMER Ministry of Interior General Directorate of Migration Management Foreigners

Communication Center



SEHIRLER









EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project ("the Project") is one of the sub-projects covered under the Sustainable Cities Project-II - Additional Financing (SCP-II-AF) to support sustainable development in Turkish cities. The Project aims to solve environmental pollution caused by lack of wastewater treatment and to improve public health in the Derebucak District. The Project will be financed by World Bank (WB). ILBANK A.S. (ILBANK) is the he Project Management Unit (PMU) of ILBANK implementing the Project as Borrower of the loan, serving as a Financial Intermediary (FI) to Konya Water and Sewerage Administration (KOSKI). KOSKI will be responsible for the implementation of the Project at the local level.

This Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP) has been prepared by TUMAS Turk Muhendislik Musavirlik ve Muteahhitlik A.S. (TUMAS) & ENCON Cevre Danismanlik Ltd. Sti. (ENCON) Joint Venture for KOSKI, who is the Project Owner of Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project.

The Project will be implemented in Derebucak District of Konya Province located in Central Anatolia region of Türkiye. In the current situation, the untreated wastewater discharging into the Kocadere River puts considerable pressure on the environment and public health. Within this regard, the Project aims to remove this pressure through construction of a wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) that has a capacity of 400 m³/day with a target year of 2055 and the expected population to be served is 2,570. The area allocated for the WWTP is located at Parcel No. 159/25 of Sarayonu Neighborhood of Derebucak District.

The expected results from the Project are listed below:

- The Project will enable KOSKI to provide proper wastewater treatment in Derebucak District and thereby reduce risk to public health, environment, and natural sources;
- The Project will provide contribution for Türkiye to comply with national and international quality standards in the wastewater sector; and
- The health standards of the public will be improved through the implementation.

The Project's anticipated environmental and social (E&S) impacts/risks will be in terms of air quality, geology, soils, water resources, noise, biological environment, landscape, resources and waste, climate change, socioeconomic environment and occupational health and safety, cultural heritage and community health, safety and security.

The project will be in compliance with the good international practice, including WB Safeguard Policies, guides, standards and best practices documents alongside the national legislation. Specific standards related to the SEP are as follows:

- WB Operational Policies (OP) 4.01 Environmental Assessment
- WB OP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources
- WBG General Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) Guidelines
- Bank Policy (BP) 17.50 Bank Disclosure Policy
- WB 2010 Access to Information Policy
- WB Good Practice Note on Addressing Sexual Exploitation and Abuse and Sexual Harassment (SEA/SH)











Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) of SCP-II AF

According to the repealed Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Regulation (Official Gazette dated July 29, 2022, and numbered31907), Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project, has been evaluated as out of scope and "EIA Exemption Letter" was issued by Provincial Directorate of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change (see Appendix-1).

On the other hand, considering the location of the Project and the nature of its potential environmental and social impacts, the Project would be categorized as Category B Project for which an ESMP is required under WB screening criteria and OP 4.01.

The construction of WWTP does not require expropriation of any private land since the area currently belongs to KOSKI and expropriation was completed in August 21, 2017 by KOSKI. The land was acquired in anticipation of the project and an Ex-Post Social Audit Report will be prepared. The WWTP site was previously used for strawberry cultivation, however, the area is currently in idle status and there is no land use for any purpose and outstanding claim, any informal users, squatters on the land.

Within the scope of the Project, the existing part of the sewerage network will be used as a discharge line. The treated wastewater will be discharged through a manhole shaft within the WWTP site and will be discharged to Kocadere River.

In terms of auxiliary facilities, the construction site will be established at the WWTP site, which currently belongs to KOSKI. There will be a camp site within the project area for up to 20 people. For the energy transmission, the electric pole located next to the WWTP site will be used. Therefore, land acquisition is not required for the energy transmission lines. In addition to that, as there is currently an access road to the site, construction of an access road will not be required. Therefore, the Project does not trigger OP 4.12 – Involuntary Resettlement, no land acquisition, resettlement, nor economic displacement will be caused by any project components.

The planned WWTP area has previously been cultivated. Therefore, the area has been exposed to anthropogenic effects, and its natural biodiversity has changed widely, adapting to these impacts.

Although the exact total number of workers to be employed during the construction and operation phases is currently unknown, it is estimated as 100 and 10 for the construction and operation phases, respectively. In the employment process, priority will be given to the local community. The construction of the Project is planned to be completed in 12 months.











I. INTRODUCTION

This Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP) has been prepared by TUMAS Turk Muhendislik Musavirlik ve Muteahhitlik A.S. (TUMAS) & ENCON Cevre Danismanlik Ltd. Sti. (ENCON) Joint Venture, the E&S Consultant, for Konya Metropolitan Municipality Water and Sewerage Administration (KOSKI), who is the Project Owner of Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project, which is being implemented under the WB SCP-II AF. The Project will be implemented in Derebucak District of Konya Province.

Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project ("the Project") is one of the sub-projects covered under the SCP-II-AF to support sustainable development in Turkish cities. The emergence of the SCP-II-AF is a response to ongoing technical assistance for sustainable urban development and capital investment planning being provided under Component A (Municipal Investments) of SCP-I. This exceptional demand includes identification of investments to improve public transport, water and sanitation, solid waste management, energy, environment, disaster risk management and climate resilience, and social infrastructure. The Project aims to solve environmental pollution caused by lack of wastewater treatment and to improve public health in the Derebucak District.

The Project will be financed by the World Bank (WB). ILBANK A.S. (ILBANK) is the Project Management Unit (PMU) of ILBANK implementing the Project as Borrower of the loan, serving as a Financial Intermediary (FI) to Konya Water and Sewerage Administration (KOSKI). KOSKI will be responsible for the implementation of the Project at the local level.

This SEP encompasses planned stakeholder consultation activities and the process of stakeholder engagement. The SEP is prepared in compliance with WB Safeguard Policies, including Operational Policies (OPs), WBG General Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) Guidelines, Bank Policy (BP) 17.50 Bank Disclosure Policy, Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) of SCP-II AF, WB 2010 Access to Information Policy and WB Good Practice Note on Addressing Sexual Exploitation and Abuse and Sexual Harassment (SEA/SH) alongside the national legislation.











II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

In the scope of the Law on the Establishment of Fourteen Metropolitan Municipalities and Twenty-Seven Districts and Amendment of the Certain Laws and Decree Laws (Law No. 6360), adopted on 12.11.2012, wastewater management of districts within the borders of Konya Province has been taken under the responsibility of KOSKI.

The Project will be performed in Derebucak District of Konya Province located in Central Anatolia region of Türkiye. In the current situation, the untreated wastewater discharge into the Kocadere River puts considerable pressure on the environment and public health. In order to solve this problem, the Project was included in the sub-projects of the SCP-II-AF. The Project aims to remove this pressure through construction of an advanced wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) with an additional final disinfection that has a capacity of 400 m³/day with a target year of 2055 and the expected population to be served is 2,570.

The project area is located on Parcel No. 159/25 of Sarayonu Neighborhood of Derebucak District of Konya Province. Derebucak District with an area of 498.2 km² is located 140 km away from the Konya Province Center. The district is surrounded by Beysehir District in the north, Ibradi, Akseki and Manavgat Districts of Antalya Province in the south, Sutculer District of Isparta Province in the west and Seydisehir District in the east (see Figure II.1).

The Project will serve the neighborhoods of Derebucak District Center, namely, Sarayonu, Yeni, Musalla and Kenankuyu (see Figure II.2).

The WWTP site was previously used for strawberry cultivation, however, the area is currently in idle status and there is no land use for any purpose and outstanding claim, any informal users, squatters on the land. The parcel, which has an area of 4,594.77 m² and previously owned by private users, currently belongs to KOSKI. The land was acquired in anticipation of the project and an Ex-Post Social Audit Report will be prepared. The expropriation process of the WWTP site was completed in August 21, 2017 by KOSKI. Therefore, the Project does not trigger WB OP 4.12 – Involuntary Resettlement, no land acquisition, resettlement, nor economic displacement will be caused by any project components.

Within the scope of the Project, the existing part of the sewerage network will be used as the discharge line. The treated wastewater will be discharged through a manhole shaft within the WWTP site to Kocadere River. In terms of auxiliary facilities, the construction site will be established at the WWTP site, which currently belongs to KOSKI. There will be a camp site within the project area for up to 20 people. For the energy transmission, the electric pole located next to the WWTP site will be used. Moreover, as the WWTP site is accessible through the existing road network, construction of any access/service road is not required.

The project will have positive impacts on both the socio-economic and community health and safety in general.

Environmental and social impacts are expected during construction and operation phases of the Project. An Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) has been developed for the management of anticipated impacts. The ESMP has been prepared to identify potential environmental and social impacts and risks that may occur during the construction and operation phase of the project such as odor, noise, impact on water sources, wastes, occupational health and safety, and workforce











arising from the development of the Project and to propose mitigation measures for significant adverse environmental impacts.

Monitoring requirements are also defined and presented in the monitoring tables within the ESMP. Accordingly, parameters such as; wastes, air quality, soil environment, odor, noise and vibration, complaints, community conflicts, stakeholder participation, occupational health and safety and workforce will be monitored in accordance with the conditions determined in the ESMP during different phases of the Project.

The expected results from the Project are listed below:

- The Project will enable KOSKI to provide proper wastewater treatment in Derebucak District and thereby reduce risk to public health, environment, and natural sources;
- The Project will provide contribution for Türkiye to comply with national and international quality standards in the wastewater sector; and
- The health standards of the public will be improved through the implementation.

According to the repealed EIA Regulation (Official Gazette dated November 25, 2014, and numbered 29186), Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant Project has been evaluated as out of scope since it is less than the threshold value in the Annex lists of the EIA regulation. Therefore, an EIA study was not required for this project and an "EIA Exemption Letter" was issued (see Appendix-1). This "EIA Exemption" certificate should still be valid according to the latest EIA Regulation (Official Gazette dated 29.07.2022 and numbered 31907) as the capacity of WWTP is still under the threshold value specified in Annex-I of latest EIA Regulation. On the other hand, considering the location of the Project and the nature of its potential environmental and social impacts, the Project would be categorized as Category B Project for which an ESMP is required under WB screening criteria and OP 4.01.











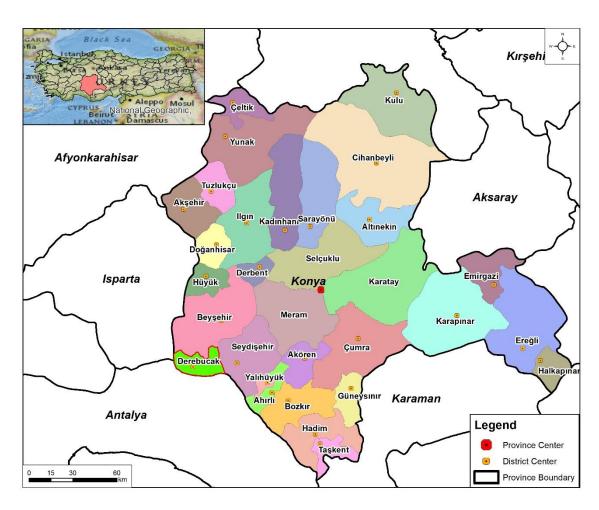


Figure II.1 Districts of Konya Province











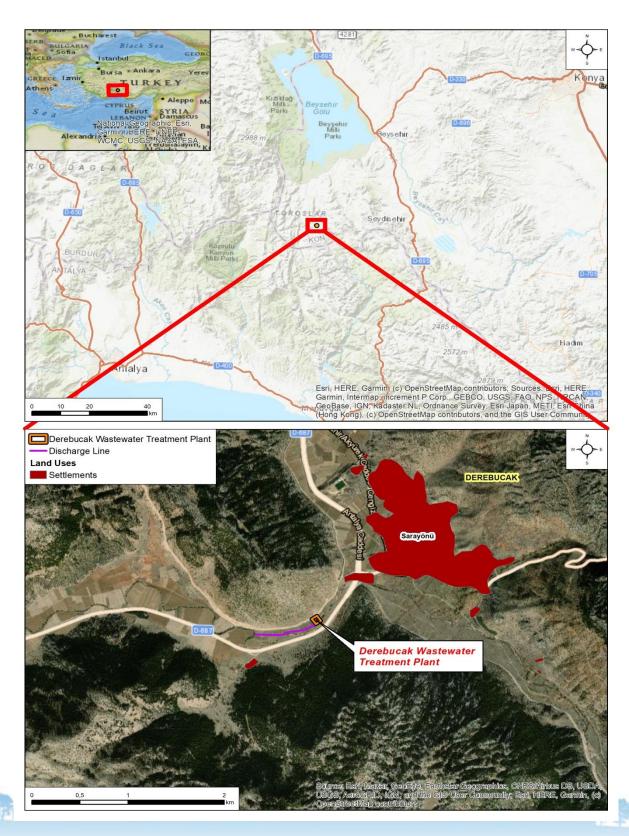












Figure II.2 Site Location Map for the Project Area

























LEGEND

Derebucak Wastewater Treatment Plant
Discharge Line
Effluent Discharge Manhole Shaft
Settlement Centers

District Center

 Neighborhood Hydrology

--- Creek

Seasonal Creek
Potential Social Areas

Potential Social Area





Figure II.3 Potential Social AoI of the Project











III. PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE SEP

Stakeholder engagement is the basis for building strong, constructive, and responsive relationships that are essential for the successful management of a project's environmental and social impacts. The purpose of stakeholder engagement is to establish and maintain a constructive relationship with a variety of external stakeholders over the entire life of the project. Initiating the engagement process in the early phases of the Project helps ensure timely public access to all relevant information and provides the stakeholders with an opportunity to input into the project design and the assessment of impacts.

The main goals of stakeholder engagement are to;

- identify the direct and indirect stakeholders of the project and other interested parties, who
 may be affected, and/or able to influence the Project and its activities,
- identify the nature of stakeholders' interests and concerns related to the Project,
- ensure that adequate and timely information about the project and its environmental and social impacts/risks is provided to stakeholders
- provide to these groups opportunities to voice their concerns and opinions,
- ensure that comments are received in a timely manner so that they can be taken into account during the decision-making process.

SEP is designed to ensure that KOSKI will identify all stakeholders and establishes an effective engagement strategy during the development and lifetime of the Project. The ultimate goal of this SEP is to build meaningful and trusting relationships with the local community and other interested stakeholders based on a transparent and timely supply of information and open dialogue.

SEP covers the following aspects:

- Applicable national and international regulations and WB requirements on stakeholder engagement, particularly WB OP 4.01,
- Previous consultation activities, if any and future plans to engage with stakeholders during the construction and operation phases of the Project,
- Identification of direct and indirect project stakeholders,
- Strategy for consultation and information disclosure,
- Timetable for various stakeholder engagement activities,
- Resources and responsibilities for the implementation of the SEP,
- Means of monitoring and reporting on consultation and disclosure activities,
- Grievance redress mechanisms for both internal (including workers) and external stakeholders to raise concerns, provide feedback and comments about the Project Owner operations and how complaints/comments will be handled.

In addition, workers' grievances would be addressed through separate channels. GRM is accessible to all beneficiaries of ILBANK internationally funded projects, host communities or anyone, who is affected by or is likely to affect the projects in question and who wishes to provide feedback or complaints and receive a response.



IV. PUBLIC CONSULTATION/STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

Implementation of the Project will follow the framework laws and regulations of the Turkish Republic as well as applicable international standards and WB requirements. In this context, stakeholder engagement activities will conform to relevant WB Environmental and Social Standards and Safeguard Policies (i.e. OP 4.01 and World Bank's 2010 Policy on Access to Information) and EU Directives. Moreover, it should be noted that the most stringent among national legislation and WB standards will be complied and also the most up-to-date legislation will be considered.

IV.1 National Regulations and Requirements

Environmental Law No.2872, which is ratified in August 1983 (Official Gazette dated 11.08.1983 and numbered 18132), is one of the principal legislation related to the Project. Several by-laws and decrees are enforced under the Environmental Law. The EIA Regulation (Official Gazette dated July 29, 2022 and numbered 31907) defines the administrative and technical procedures and principles to be followed throughout the EIA process. When an activity (a Project) is planned, the Project developer is responsible for preparing an EIA Report along with many other permits required to realize the Project. However, facilities are subject to the preparation of an EIA Report depending on the type of the facility, its capacity, or the location of the activity. The activities that are subject to the provisions of the EIA Regulation are listed in Annex I and Annex II of the Regulation. For Annex I activities, a full EIA Report is required and those Projects go through the full EIA process. For Annex II activities, a Project Introduction File (PIF) is prepared in accordance with the outline given in the Regulation and the relevant process has to be conducted. As a result of the submission of PIF, if "EIA is required" decision is given, a full EIA Report is prepared. If it is decided that the EIA is not required as a result of the submission of the PIF, the project can be started without any obligation by the Turkish EIA regulation.

The main Turkish Regulation requiring public consultation and stakeholder engagement for development/investment/infrastructure projects is the EIA Regulation. The 1st Clause of the 9th Article of the Turkish EIA Regulation defines the stakeholder consultation process. In accordance with the related article, it is the legal responsibility of a Project Owner to organize an official Public Information and Participation Meeting for the projects that are included in Annex 1 of the Regulation (as the case in the EU EIA Directive). The date and place are determined in agreement with the Ministry of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change (MoEUCC). The aim of the Public Information and Participation Meeting is to inform people who may be potentially affected by the project and to understand their concerns, opinions and suggestions about the project. MoEUCC and the governorships are responsible for informing the public that the review period of the EIA Report is started via announcements using local and national media, boards, internet etc. Thus, public will be able to access the EIA Report from the web site of the MoEUCC or the relevant Provincial Directorate and comment on the report. Those comments are reviewed in the Review Commission meeting and the results are reflected in the EIA Report. This process is the only formal requirement for stakeholder consultation according to Turkish legislation and only applies for the projects listed in Annex I.

The Turkish Law on the Right to Information (Law No: 4982) was adopted on 09.10.2003 and published in the Official Gazette dated 24.10.2003 and numbered 25269. The main objective of this law is to regulate the procedure and provide the basis of the right to information according to the principles of equality, impartiality and openness that are the necessities of a democratic and transparent government. This law applies to the activities of public institutions and professional organizations, which qualify as public institutions. The Law which is divided into five parts in total explains the legal rights and obligations about information disclosure processes. The first part of the law defines the objective, scope and definitions of terms that are used in law. The second part of the Law makes statements about the subjects of the Right to Information and the Obligation to Provide Information. According to Articles 4 and 5 of this Law found in this part, everyone has the right to information and the responsible parties are obligated to provide information. The application process for accessing information is explained in the third part of the law. In the fourth part of the Law, the information that is restricted is described and some examples are: information and documents pertaining to the state secrets, information and



documents pertaining to the economic interests of the state, etc. Finally, the last part of the Law describes the miscellaneous aspects of this law such as entry into force and execution.

Wastewater treatment plants that have capacity below 50,000 m³/day are out of the scope of the EIA Regulation. Accordingly, "EIA Exemption" decision given for the Project as per the repealed EIA Regulation is still valid (see Appendix-1).

IV.2 International Requirements and WB Policies

The Project is intended to meet applicable international standards and best practices of the International Finance Institutions (IFIs). IFIs consider community engagement as being central to the successful management of risks and impacts on communities affected by projects, as well as central to achieving enhanced community benefits.

In this context, SEP follows the requirements of EU directives, WB OP 4.01, BP 17.50 Bank Disclosure Policy and WB 2010 Access to Information Policy. Also WB Good Practice Note on Addressing Sexual Exploitation and Abuse and Sexual Harassment (SEA/SH) is another specific guide to follow for the effectiveness of the grievance redress mechanism within this SEP.

The WB OP 4.01 - Environmental Assessment covers public / stakeholder consultation and disclosure and in this respect, required consultation and disclosure activities have to be conducted taking the scale and nature of the Project into account covering the following:

- Identifying the range of stakeholders,
- Providing affected communities with access to relevant project information,
- Implementing and maintaining a grievance redress mechanism,
- Engaging with and providing information to project-affected and other interested parties throughout the life-cycle of the project.

Another requirement about this SEP is to follow BP 17.50 Bank Disclosure Policy. Main aim of the policy is to support the decision-making process by allowing public access to information on environmental and social aspects of the project.

Also WB Good Practice Note on Addressing Sexual Exploitation and Abuse and Sexual Harassment (SEA/SH), applies to projects in any World Bank Global Practice that involves major civil works, defined here as civil works large enough to be carried out by a contractor. The World Bank has developed this Good Practice Note to assist in identifying risks of SEA/SH – as opposed to all forms of Gender Based Violence (GBV) that can emerge in projects involving major civil works contracts – and to advise the borrowers on how to best manage such risks.

Under the WB OP 4.01, projects are classified as Category A, B and C, based on the level of their likely environmental and social impacts. Considering the location of the Project and the nature of its potential environmental and social impacts, the Project would be categorized as Category B Project for which an ESMP is required under WB OP 4.01.



V. PREVIOUS STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

Major targets of KOSKI are to supply clean, high quality, and healthy drinking water to inhabitants of Konya, to use and preserve the water resources in the most efficient way, to ensure the proper treatment of wastewater and to provide high standard services by adopting a modern management approach in its institutional development in general. This proposed Project is among the steps to achieve the above-mentioned targets and in this context the Project is expected to have positive impacts on socio-economy, ecology, community health and safety. Some potential adverse impacts could be mainly faced during the construction and operation phases, which are to be mitigated and managed. In this context, a field study was carried out on October 13th, 2021 in order to contact with the stakeholders of the Project, to inform them about the project location, components and potential environmental and social impacts and to exchange information and opinions about the project.

As the project is not within the scope of the EIA, the stakeholder engagement activities within the scope of the Turkish EIA regulation is not mandatory for this project. Within the scope of the ESIA studies, a stakeholder consultation meeting was held on 21th of September, 2023. The aim of the stakeholder consultation meeting is to inform people who may be potentially affected about the Project and to understand their concerns, opinions and suggestions about the project.

Considering the location of the Project and the nature of its potential environmental and social impacts, the Project is categorized as Category B Project for which one Stakeholder Consultation Meeting is required under WB screening criteria, ESMF and OP 4.01. Key informant interview was carried out by the E&S consultant during the preparation of the draft ESMP of the project with the mukhtar of Sarayonu neighborhood, where the WWTP will be built and operate. In this interview, information about the general socio-economic structure of the neighborhood was obtained from the mukhtar.

The findings of the interview are presented below:

- Major economic activities of the residents are agriculture. Other than that, the majority of the residents live on pension.
- Among the residents, there are approximately ten (10) people who receive support from social assistance and solidarity foundation.
- Approximately 30 university graduates and 30 unskilled workers are unemployed in the neighborhood.
- Agricultural irrigation in the Project Area is carried out with the water supplied from the Derebucak Dam. However, strawberry cultivators in the Project Area suffer from limited amount of water resources.

The mukhtar of Sarayonu was informed about the project and his questions about the construction and operation processes were answered. While the questions asked by the mukhtar are generally about the general operations of KOSKI and other activities related to KOSKI, questions about the location where the WWTP will be built, the locations where it will serve and the project schedule have been answered. The related questions of mukhtar were answered by the consultant's environmental expert and also KOSKI officials. A sample photograph from the key informant interviews is presented in Figure V.1.

In identifying vulnerable/disadvantaged groups, information obtained from formal/informal interviews and phone call interviews with representatives/key informants of neighborhoods within the project area was used. For stakeholder identification and analysis, phone calls were made with the mukhtars of Sarayonu, Musalla, Yeni and Kenankuyu on 17 February 2023 and information was obtained about vulnerable/disadvantaged groups. The findings of the interviews are presented in Section VI.





Figure V.1 Interview with the Sarayonu Mukhtar

The stakeholder consultation meeting of the Project was held on 21st of September 2023. Derebucak Municipality Cafeteria was selected by KOSKI as a meeting venue, which is located at the Derebucak District of Konya Province. The meeting venue had enough capacity and facilities to ensure comfortable and efficient communication during the event.

Prior to stakeholder consultation meeting, several information dissemination methods were used to inform the related public authorities (including provincial governorates, district governorates, municipality mayors, etc.), mukhtars and local people, and local media agencies and wider public including Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), etc. During the information dissemination process in advance of the stakeholder consultation meeting, initially announcements were published in local newspapers on September 08, 2023 and official website of KOSKI on September 12, 2023. Advertisement on newspaper and KOSKI official website to announce the meeting is given in Appendix-2. In addition, before the commencement of meeting, project information brochures were distributed to participants and maps of the Project were also made available for them. The brochure is provided in Appendix-10.

The meeting was held with the participation of the local people together with the representatives of KOSKI (Project Beneficiary and Executing Organization), and ENCON (the E&S Consultant). The photographs from meeting are presented in Appendix-7.

The meeting started with an introduction and explanation of the purpose and scope of the meeting and followed by a presentation by ENCON and a final discussion session where questions,



concerns and suggestions were received. The presentation used during the meeting is provided in Appendix-9. The main topics covered in the presentations were as follows:

- What is the Project?
- Who are the Project Main Executive Body, the Project Beneficiary and Executing Organization and the Project Sponsors?
- What are the Anticipated Benefits of the Project?
- What is the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment Studies?
- Stakeholder Engagement: How to Participate into the Process?
- Discussion (Questions and Answers) Session

Large-scale (in A1 format) maps showing the Project area were provided for the public.

A total 30 people participated the meeting held on September 21, 2023 for the Project. List of participants to the stakeholder consultation meeting (SCM) is presented in Appendix-8 of this document. The meeting lasted for about one hour. The questions, issues, concerns and suggestions raised by the participants during the SCM were categorized and a summary of the SCM findings is provided in Table V.1.

Table V.1 Summary of Stakeholder Consultation Meeting Findings

Party who Raised the Question/ Issue/Concern/ Suggestion	Question/Issue/Concern/ Suggestion Raised	Response of Project Sponsors/ Environmental Consultant
Participant 1*	Will a wastewater treatment plant be built in Pınarbaşı neighborhood?	It was stated that there is a master plan for the neighborhoods in the Beyşehir Lake region, natural wastewater treatment will be implemented, but there are several criteria for population and proximity to the lake, and within this scope, a location selection has been made for the Pınarbaşı neighborhood.
Participant 2*	Can treated wastewater be used for irrigation?	It was stated that grain group products such as barley and wheat can be irrigated with permission from the Provincial Directorate of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change, but its use is not recommended for irrigation of vegetables and fruits. It was also added that the treated water will have a Class B irrigation water quality.
Participant 3*	Gencek neighborhood also needs a wastewater treatment plant, will it be built?	It was stated that it is within the scope of the master plan for the neighborhoods in the Beyşehir Lake region, natural wastewater treatment will be implemented and within this scope, a location selection study has been conducted for the Gencek neighborhood.

^{*}The participation's name is not given because of the Law on Protection of Personal Data.



VI. STAKEHOLDER IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS

In order to develop an effective SEP, it is necessary to determine who is affected or likely to be affected (directly or indirectly) by the Project ("affected parties"); who may have an interest in the Project ("other interested parties") and paying special attention to the identification of "disadvantaged/vulnerable individuals or groups", who may be differentially affected by the Project, or because of their disadvantaged or vulnerable status, are experiencing difficulties in accessing project benefits, or participating on equal footing in consultations. In the process of stakeholder engagement, vulnerable/disadvantaged groups would be given special attention.

The following categories of stakeholders have been identified as being affected by or potentially interested in the Project:

Affected Parties:

- Directly Affected Stakeholders are individuals/groups/organizations within the project area of Influence (AoI) (see Figure II.1, who are directly affected (actually or potentially) by the project, and/or identified as most susceptible to project-related change, and who require close communication in determining the impacts and their significance, as well as making decisions regarding mitigation and management measures.
- Indirectly Affected Stakeholders refer to other individuals/groups/organizations that may be positively or negatively affected by the scope of the project due to the location of the project.
- Other Interested Parties refer to individuals/groups/organizations with an interest in the
 project, which may be because of the project location, its proximity to natural and other
 resources, its characteristics, and its impacts, matters related to public interests or because
 of the sector or parties involved in the Project.
- Disadvantaged/Vulnerable Individuals or Groups refer to persons who, due to their vulnerability, may be disproportionately affected or more disadvantaged in accessing the project compared to other groups and may require special efforts to ensure their equal representation in the consultation and decision-making processes related to the project.

ILBANK is borrower, supervisor, and the intermediary of the project. It is the institution that controls the direction of the loan received by the municipality and acts as an intermediary with the WB. It is the governing institution throughout the project lifecycle. The owner and the main responsible organization of the Project is KOSKI, who is the Sub-borrower of the Project. The design and implementation of the Project at local is under the responsibility of KOSKI. The other responsible parties of the Project are the Project Management Unit (PMU) of ILBANK implementing the Project as Borrower, WB providing technical and financial support as Lenders. Supervision Consultant to assist KOSKI and the Contractor to be awarded for the project activities.

A summary for stakeholder categories is given in Table VI.1.



Table VI.2 Stakeholder Categories

Stakeholder	Stakeholder	Interests/Effects	Exposure
Direct Stakeholders	Residents within the borders of Konya Province, Derebucak District, Sarayonu, Kenankuyu, Yeni and Musalla neighborhoods.	Project's direct stakeholders	The project will eliminate the negativities experienced by the citizens living in the project area in terms of both wastewater treatment and will cause an increase in the quality of public health. The residents of close settlements will be affected by construction related impacts directly. Local communities that are directly affected by the environmental, social and economic aspects of the project, living within the project's impact area and vulnerable/disadvantaged groups within these communities are in this category.
	Public administrations directly involved at the National, Provincial and District Level	Institutions that have rights and/or responsibilities at the stages/ activities within the life cycle of the project.	They are public institutions that have a high impact and importance for project activities and at the same time have a high level of being affected by the project.
Indirect	Local Businesses	Proximity to the Project Area	Local businesses in the vicinity of the area, where the project will be implemented, may experience nuisances resulted from the dust, noise and traffic that may occur during different project phases.
Stakeholders	Public administrations indirectly involved at the National, Provincial and District Level	Public institutions that are not directly involved in the works within the scope of the project, but that may be indirectly affected / likely to be affected.	They are public institutions that have indirect impact and importance for project activities and at the same time have a possibility level of being affected by the Project due to the Project related activities.
	Selcuk University Necmettin Erbakan University Konya Technical University KTO Karatay University Konya Food and Agriculture University	Academic Interest	The studies to be carried out within the scope of the project are within the academic interest of the relevant departments. It is a stakeholder group that are interested in the context of scientific aspects of the environmental, social and economic impacts of the project
Other Interested	Local Media	Local Interests	Local media organizations are the organizations that convey the environmental and social impacts of this project and the progress of the project to the local people through its tools.
Parties	National media	Interest in the project itself and the positive/negative permanent/disconti nuous overall impacts that the project produces	National media institutions are the organizations that convey the environmental and social impacts of this project and the progress of the project to the national level through its tools.
	Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)	NGOs with fields of activity covering project activities, project impacts or	National and local NGOs with working areas covering project activities, potential impacts of the project and/or PAP/stakeholders. Public institutions and organizations and



Stakeholder Stakeholder Ir		Interests/Effects	Exposure
		project-affected elements at national or local level.	NGOs, which are the relevant parties of the project, are in this group.
Vulnerable/ Disadvantage d Individuals/ Groups	Disadvantaged / Vulnerable Individuals/Groups within the project area.	Proximity to the Project Area	Disadvantaged/vulnerable individuals or groups who may be differentially affected by the Project, or because of their disadvantaged or vulnerable status, are experiencing difficulties in accessing project benefits, or participating on equal footing in consultations

The list of stakeholders identified as being affected or potentially interested in the Project is presented in Table VI.3 below, and the stakeholder list in relevant is categorized as national, regional and local. The possible additions/changes will be made to/on the list throughout the project implementation. It should be noted that people, who want to be informed about the Project, may contact ILBANK and/or KOSKI.

Table VI.3 Project's Stakeholder List

Stakeholder Category	Level of Involvement	Definition	Organization / Entity		
Lender	International	International Institutions/Lenders	World Bank		
Direct			Ministry of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change		
			Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry		
			Ministry of Health		
Indirect			Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources		
mairect			Ministry of Family and Social Services		
		Ministries and Relevant	Ministry of Foreign Affairs		
		Central Authorities	Ministry of Labor and Social Security		
			General Directorate of Environmental Management		
Direct			General Directorate of State Hydraulic Works (DSI)		
			General Directorate of Water Management		
Indirect			Ministry of Interior Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD)		
	National		Chamber of Environmental Engineers		
			Chamber of Agricultural Engineers		
			Union of Chambers of Turkish Engineers And Architects (TMMOB)		
			Environment Foundation of Türkiye		
			Environment Protection Foundation of Türkiye		
Other Interested		NGOs	Nature Association		
Parties			Turkish Foundation for Combating Soil Erosion, Reforesting and the Protection of Natural Habitats (TEMA)		
			Waste and Environmental Management Association (TAYCED)		
			Foundation for the Protection and Promotion of the Environment and Cultural Heritage (CEKUL)		
			WWF Türkiye		
Indirect			Governorship of Konya		
Direct			Konya Metropolitan Municipality		
Indirect			Konya Regional Directorate of Cultural Heritage Preservation Board		
Direct	Local	Authorities and Agencies	Konya Provincial Directorate of Environment, Urbanization and Climate Change		
			Konya Provincial Directorate of Agriculture and Forestry		
Indirect			Konya Provincial Directorate of Health		



Stakeholder Level of Category Involvement		Definition	Organization / Entity
			Derebucak Municipality
			District Governor of Derebucak
			Derebucak Social Assistance and Solidarity Foundation
			Provincial AFAD offices
Other Interested			Konya Provincial Bee Breeders' Association
Parties		NGOs	Konya Chambers of Turkish Engineers And Architects (TMMOB)
			Sarayonu Neighborhood
		Residential Areas /	Kenankuyu Neighborhood
Discot		Local Communities /	Yeni Neighborhood
Direct		Potentially Project Affected People	Musalla Neighborhood
			Owners/Users of agricultural fields around the WWTP
			Farmers agricultural fields around the WWTP
Indirect		Business Enterprises	Related business enterprises within the Project Impact Area (if any)
			Selcuk University
01 1			Necmettin Erbakan University
Other Interested Parties		Universities	Konya Technical University
i aities			Konya Chamber of Commerce (KTO) Karatay University
			Konya Food and Agriculture University
			People who receive support from social assistance
Vulnerable/ Disadvantaged		Vulnerable Individuals /	Households with physically and/or mentally disabled family members
Individuals/Groups			Female-headed households
	Residential Areas / Local Communities / Potentially Project Affected People Business Enterprises Universities Disadvantaged / Vulnerable Individuals Groups within the	p. 0,000 a. 0a.	Syrian Refugee Households

There are four (4) main neighborhoods in the project area, namely, Sarayonu, Kenankuyu, Yeni and Musalla neighborhoods. Data on the population of neighborhoods as obtained from TurkStat are given in Table VI.4.

Table VI.4 Population of Neighborhoods within the Project Area (TurkStat, 2021)

Neighborhood	Population
Kenankuyu	372
Musalla	381
Sarayonu	572
Yeni	567
Total	1,892

Participation of vulnerable/disadvantaged groups in stakeholder engagement activities is especially important for the construction phase of the Project. It will also be considered if there is any need for women to be consulted via a particular way (e.g., if a women's only consultation is needed, or if consultation activities need to be tailored to a particular time of day to allow women to attend) in order to achieve a better stakeholder engagement for the project.

The potential vulnerable/disadvantaged groups can be listed as follows:

- Households with physically and / or mentally disabled family members
- People with chronic diseases
- Elderly people over 70 years of age who live alone and in need of care
- Female-headed households
- Households where the head of the household is a child



- Households with low or no income
- Refugee households of Syrian origin

In identifying vulnerable/disadvantaged groups, information obtained from formal/informal interviews and phone call interviews with representatives/key informants of neighborhoods within the project area was used. In addition, the guidance of the official authorities and public institutions in the region will help in identifying possible vulnerable/disadvantaged groups. Therefore, effective consultation and information sharing with these groups and solving their grievances are among the objectives of the SEP. The vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups will be improved through the project development process.

The findings of the interviews are presented below:

- <u>Sarayonu</u>: Among the residents, as vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups, there are
 eight people, who receive support from social assistance and solidarity foundation. Six of
 them are physically and/or mentally disabled family members, while two of them are elderly
 people. Also, there are approximately 15 female-headed households.
- Musalla: Among the residents, as vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups, there are
 five people, who receive support from social assistance. Two of them are elderly people
 over 70 years of age, who live alone and need of care, while two of them are people with
 chronic diseases.
- Yeni: Among the residents, as vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups, there are eight people, who receive support from social assistance. Four of them are physically and/or mentally disabled family members. Also, there are two female-headed households and two Syrian refugee households.
- <u>Kenankuyu</u>: Among the residents, as vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups, there are twelve people, who receive support from social assistance. Three of them are physically and/or mentally disabled family members, while eight of them are elderly people.

A summary of the needs of all stakeholders identified in the scope of the Project will be analyzed. A sample table as provided in Table VI.5 can be used for presentation of the needs of stakeholders.

Table VI.5 Sample Table for the Needs of Project Stakeholders

Community	Stakeholder group	Key characteristic	Language needs	Preferred notification means (e-mail, phone, radio, letter)	Possible Specific needs (accessibility, large print, child care, daytime meetings)



VII. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PROGRAM

All activities planned under this SEP will be programmed in accordance with some key principles. First, all of the engagement activities will be planned in such a way as to maximize stakeholder engagement, both in terms of timing and participation, while avoiding interrupting the daily business of local stakeholders. Again, these activities will be planned in a way that encourages and ensures the equal participation of different stakeholders. The public will be informed at least ten (10) days before the stakeholder engagement event or similar. All stakeholder engagement activities will be recorded, and the findings/feedback of the stakeholder consultation meeting held on 21st of September 2023 is incorporated in this SEP, whereas the findings/feedback of the future activities will be provided in the ESMRs. All relevant project documents will be shared with responsible parties and other stakeholders. Consultation activities programmed in accordance with these basic principles are presented in this section. All supporting documents used during the stakeholder engagement activities (newspaper ads, list of attendees, full meeting minutes (as an annex), sample brochure, etc.) will be included in the SEP/ESMRs and disclosed at the project's website.

VII.1 Methods for Information Dissemination and Stakeholder Consultation

ILBANK and KOSKI will use appropriate methods to disclose information about the planned Project, consult with stakeholders on potential benefits and risks of the planned project and the impact mitigation measures. Disclosure of relevant project information helps stakeholders better understand the risks, impacts and opportunities associated with the proposed projects. Information will be disclosed using methods, which will be suitable for various groups of stakeholders at all project implementation stages. For all disclosure attempts, the guidance of WB OP 4.01 and World Bank's 2010 Policy on Access to Information will be followed and by doing so, the Project will be implemented in compliance to the World Bank standards. The relevant means for consultations with stakeholders are provided in Table VII.1.

Written and oral comments of stakeholders will be recorded during the engagement activities via the minutes of meetings by KOSKI's social expert and a participation list will also be filled out in case the participants agree to. The participation list and full meeting minutes of those attending the consultations are made publicly available as an appendix to this SEP after the relevant lines containing personal data are blurred considering the Personal Data Protection Law.

The documentation, review and reporting back processes of all comments/concerns/ grievances of the stakeholders is comprehensively addressed in Chapter IX and Chapter X.

After the stakeholder consultation meeting on draft ESMP, ESMP and SEP are finalized by incorporating the results of the stakeholder consultation meeting and the final ESMP will be published by ILBANK/KOSKI and on WB website.



Table VII.1 Stakeholders/Purpose of Communication / Type and Method of Communication

Stakeholders	Purpose for	Type and Method of	Project Phase	Responsible Party
Local communities/settlements in the area including the following neighborhoods and representatives of local communities of the following neighborhoods: Sarayonu Neighborhood Kenankuyu Neighborhood Yeni Neighborhood Musalla Neighborhood Farmers and owners/users of the agricultural fields	Communication Providing information on the nature of the proposed project, duration of the project, potential environmental, social and economic impacts/risks (positive and negative) Opportunities for the community to be actively involved in the project activities	Communication Information through the media: newspapers, local TV, Project Owner's website, etc. Information about the prepared documents related to the project (ESMP and SEP) Stakeholder	Project Phase Construction and/or Operation phase	Responsible Party KOSKI/PIU E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant and/or contractor
around the WWTP Related local businesses near WWTP (if any)	proposals (see Appendix-6: Sample Consultation Form) Discussions on the potential adverse impacts Monitoring targets and activities, and regular reporting back to stakeholders on monitoring results	meetings and interviews to identify impacts, agree and implement mitigation measures, surveys, polls and questionnaires, workshops, and/or focus groups on specific topic project announcement (brochures, poster, notifications, etc.) as necessary Official correspondence and meetings to provide information on project progress and issues that concern local communities and providing direct		



Stakeholders	Purpose for Communication	Type and Method of Communication	Project Phase	Responsible Party
,	Providing information on the nature of the proposed project, duration of the project,	Information through the media: newspapers, local TV, Project	Construction and/or Operation phase	KOSKI/PIU
elderly people have been identified as vulnerable/ disadvantaged groups.)	potential environmental, social and economic impacts/risks (positive and negative) Opportunities for the community to be actively involved in the project activities Mechanism / opportunities for suggestions and proposals (see	Information about the prepared documents related to the project (ESMP and SEP) Stakeholder consultation meeting Grievance Redress Mechanism Group or individual meetings and interviews to identify impacts, agree and implement mitigation measures, surveys, polls and questionnaires, workshops, and/or focus groups on specific topic project announcement (brochures, poster, notifications, etc.) as necessary Official correspondence and meetings to provide information on project progress and issues that concern local communities and providing direct information		E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant and/or contractor
		Face-to-face information sessions for vulnerable/ disadvantaged individuals/groups		
Interested national and local NGOs Other interested organizations will be added, as identified throughout the life of the project.	Providing information on the nature of the proposed project, duration of the project, potential environmental, social and economic impacts (positive and negative)	media, Project Owner's website, face to face, etc. Information about the	Construction and/or Operation phase	Contractor KOSKI/PIU E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant
	These organizations can potentially help to identify key issues pertaining to the local community (vulnerable disadvantaged individuals/groups) and the local environment.	consultation meeting		



Stakeholders	Purpose for Communication	Type and Method of Communication	Project Phase	Responsible Party
AFAD Local emergency services, fire brigades, utility owners and operators, local police, coast guard, health services	authorities about project and undertake	activities during	Construction and/or Operation phase	Contractor KOSKI/PIU E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant
Local and Central Governmental Institutions/Agencies	Project progress and	and meetings, information disclosure and consultation reporting, monitoring,	Construction and/or Operation phase	Contractor KOSKI/PIU E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant
ILBANK	Providing information on the nature of the proposed project, duration of the project, potential environmental, social and economic impacts (positive and negative)	for and coordinate activities during construction	Construction and/or Operation phase	Contractor KOSKI/PIU E&S Consultant Supervision Consultant

Some recommended remedial measures regarding the above mentioned vulnerable/disadvantaged individuals/groups are summarized below:

- Providing translation for the refugees who do not understand/speak Turkish,
- Providing written materials related to Project information in larger fonts and in Braille system, when/where needed,
- Choosing accessible venues for the consultation events and/or providing transportation for the people in remote areas (for example, in villages),
- Organizing small events or meetings for the vulnerable/disadvantaged people depending on their sensitivity, when/where needed (for example, a small meeting for deaf individuals accompanied by a sign language expert),
- Organizing the events/meetings or consultation processes with the vulnerable/disadvantaged groups in coordination with the relevant NGOs (if any) (for example, for physically disabled people, organizing the meeting/event with the help of Solidarity Association of Physically Disabled).

The timing of the consultation events will be arranged in a way that the working stakeholders can participate. For those who cannot participated even though the timing is arranged, brochures, an active web page, social media, face-to-face individual meetings, etc. could be organized.



VII.2 Consultation Documentation

In the scope of stakeholder consultations with the project affected groups and NGOs, it is required to hold one (1) stakeholder consultation meeting as per WB OP 4.01. Within the scope of the ESMP studies, a stakeholder consultation meeting was held on 21st of September, 2023.

Detailed information about the stakeholder consultation meeting conducted on 21st of September, 2023 is given in Chapter V. The stakeholder consultation meeting has been carried out by following the steps below, which will be also applicable for the future meetings.

Place and Date of Stakeholder Consultation Meetings

When the date and place of the consultation meeting are clarified, the common practice of the Project is to announce the date and place through the local media, the Notice Board of the KOSKI, in public places such as mosques, schools, etc. and an information text sent to the neighborhood mukhtars. All public participation meetings to be held within the project's scope will be notified to the local people, headmen, public institutions and organizations and NGOs at least ten (10) days in advance. The announcement methods preferred for the stakeholder consultation meeting held on 21st of September 2023 are given in Table VII.2 and this sample table will also be used for the future meetings.

Table VII.2 Details of Planned Stakeholder Consultation

No	Location	Notes	Public Hearing
1	Derebucak District	Announcement of stakeholder consultation has been published on media (local and/or national newspaper) Announcement has been placed at the Notice Board of KOSKI, mukhtar office, local mosques and schools Non-technical Summary of the Draft ESMP Report has been disclosed via web site.	Indicative: 21.09.2023

Details on Participants

Information on the participants of the stakeholder consultation meetings is accessed via a "participant list" filled in by the attendees during the meeting. The participation list format is given in Figure VII.1.



This project is co-funded by the European Union, the Republic of Turkey and the World Bank But Proje Annages Brigh, Turkeye Cumhunyesi ve Dulyas Bankası tarafından ortaklaşa finanse edilmektedir							
	DEREBUCAK WASTE WAT	ER TREATMENT PLANT PROJECT PA	ARTICIPATION LIST				
MEETING PLACE DATE				тіме:			
PARTICIPANTS							
Name - Surname	Profession	Represented Institution / Residentia	al Area Phone Number	Signature			
sûndûr ŞEH	ROLEBILIR IRLER SEHIRCLIKE	RE VE ILBANK	THE WORLD BANK				

Figure VII.1 Sample Participation List

The list of participants of the stakeholder consultation meeting performed on 21st of September 2023 is given in Appendix-8.

Meeting Program

The program and the scope of the meetings to be held with the participation of the relevant beneficiaries, local people and non-governmental organizations will be decided in due course of the project implementation. The presentation that has been demonstrated and explained to the people at the stakeholder consultation meeting on 21st of September 2023 has been prepared by TUMAS - ENCON Joint Venture. In addition, during the meeting large-scale (A1 size) maps of the Project area has been provided for the participants.

Summary Meeting Reports

KOSKI will be responsible for recording the minutes of the meetings and provide the details of the meetings in the ESMRs. For the stakeholder consultation meeting held on 21st of September 2023, this SEP is updated to ensure that SEP includes the minutes (photographs) and details of the meeting.

Questions, issues, concerns and suggestions raised by the participants during the stakeholder consultation meeting will be categorized and a summary of the meeting findings will be prepared as provided in Chapter V.

VII.3 Schedule and Timetable

Detailed information regarding the proposed stakeholder engagement program throughout the project phases is provided in Table VII.3. As stated in the Table VII.3 below, the purpose of this planned process is to inform all stakeholder groups about the progress of the project, to share the relevant environmental and social reports with them, and to ensure that they are also aware of the progress of suggestions and grievances received from them. If the activities planned in this process are reshaped according to the changes experienced in the lifecycle of the project, these changes will also be detailed in this SEP and the other relevant project reports.



Table VII.3 Proposed Stakeholder Engagement Program during Project Implementation

Activity and Documents of Disclosure	Method	Responsibility	Timing
Pre-construction Phase (20	022)		
Promotion of Project timeline activities, ESMP, SEP, Grievance Redress Mechanism Process	Face to face meeting, Meeting, Public presentation, Media announcements	KOSKI/PIU (Project Implementation Unit)	One month before the commencement of construction works
Informing the local population and relevant NGOs on the various aspects and activities in all phases of the project	Distribution of printed documents such as final approved ESMP, SEP and other related documents (by KOSKI) to the municipality, NGOs, local community offices, etc.	KOSKI/PIU	Continuous as relevant
Disclosure of Environmental and Social Management Report (ESMR)	KOSKI Website Official correspondence to ILBANK and WB	KOSKI/PIU	Annually
Construction Phase (2023-	2024)		
Setting of Bulletin Boards on project's public locations	Bulletin Boards Announcements	KOSKI/PIU	At most a week before the commencement of construction works at public locations
Informing the local population on the various aspects and activities in construction phase of the project - Project information - scope and rationale and E&S principles - Coordination activities - Land Acquisition Process - Grievance Redress Mechanism	Bulletin Boards Announcements, Website announcements, Public presentations, local authority visits, meetings, etc.	KOSKI/PIU Contractor	On demand
Setting notices on Bulletin Boards on a weekly / monthly base	Bulletin Boards Announcements	KOSKI/PIU Contractor	Weekly and monthly updates
Meetings with Local Government and NGOs and local settlement representatives - Project information - scope and rationale and E&S principles - Coordination activities - Grievance Redress Mechanism	Meetings, Media announcements, etc.	KOSKI/PIU Contractor	Biannually/ As requested
	KOSKI Website	1400447041	
Disclosure of ESMRs	Official correspondence to ILBANK and WB	KOSKI/PIU Contractor	Biannually
Operation Phase (2024-)			
Public announcements	Media announcements	KOSKI/PIU	Continuous as relevant
Disclosure of ESMRs, Grievance Redress Mechanism	KOSKI Website Official correspondence to ILBANK and WB	KOSKI/PIU	Annually



The details of the stakeholder engagement activities will be recorded in Table VII.4.

Table VII.4 Sample Table for Stakeholder Engagement Log

Project Phase	Date and Location	Method Used	Purpose of Activity	 Meeting Summary/ Key Issues Raised	i onon ap	Information Shared/ Documents Disclosed and Consulted

VII.4 COVID-19 Conditions

The COVID-19 pandemic has affected the whole world and measures such as wearing masks and maintaining social distance in society have become the new normal of our daily lives. If the COVID-19 pandemic conditions continue during the phases of the project and the implementation of this SEP, the stakeholder engagement plan and its activities will be aligned and implemented in accordance with the guidelines of relevant and responsible national and international organizations such as World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health's (MoH) Guidance to Covid-19 Outbreak Management and Working and MoEUCC.

Within the scope of SEP, face-to-face meetings will be held in accordance with mask and social distance rules of MoH and WHO. In cases where face-to-face meeting is not possible due to the COVID-19 conditions, online interview methods can also be used along with other online disclosure and communication methods mentioned in Table VII.1. In addition, it will be ensured that the meetings to be held will be organized in open areas, in accordance with social distance and other regulations of MoH and WHO.

Apart from these measures, other practices outlined in "Interim Advice for IFC Clients on Safe Stakeholder Engagement in the Context of Covid-19" notes will also be used on planning stakeholder engagement activities.



VIII. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The anticipated activities in the SEP will be conducted and completed in different phases of the Project by KOSKI/Project Implementation Unit (PIU) in coordination with ILBANK. In activities such as the grievance redress mechanism, KOSKI/PIU will be responsible for following requests, suggestions and complaints, and in the upcoming process, in line with the requirements in the construction and operation contracts, the contractor(s) and sub-contractors will be also responsible for implementing some of the stakeholder engagement activities (such as the grievance redress mechanism) in accordance with the OP 4.01, WB's 2010 Policy on Access to Information. Organizational structure of KOSKI can be accessed from its website (https://www.koski.gov.tr/koski/kurumsal-yapi).

TUMAS & ENCON Joint Venture, who prepared this SEP and the ESMP for the Project for the approval of ILBANK and WB, is the E&S Consultant; and provided the necessary information to the Municipality and took part in organizing the stakeholder consultation meeting (ESMP introduction meeting) held for the public and NGOs and finalized this SEP and the ESMP as per the concerns/opinions of the stakeholders of the Project.

The implementation of this SEP will be conducted and monitored by KOSKI. A PIU will be established to carry out operational and administrative tasks. The PIU staff will be the KOSKI's own staff. In addition, KOSKI/PIU's social expert will act as the Social Affairs Manager of this project. The social expert will also manage the grievance redress mechanism and stakeholder engagement.

The roles and responsibilities mentioned above within KOSKI are given in Table VIII.1.

Table VIII.1 Structure of KOSKI/PIU

Occupation	Number	Duty in PIU
Machanical Engineer	1	Head of PIU
Mechanical Engineer	2	Technical Unit
Civil Engineer	1	Branch Manager/Technical Unit
Civil Engineer	1	Technical Unit
Floatria and Floatronia Engineer	1	Branch Manager/Technical Unit
Electric and Electronic Engineer	1	Technical Unit
Environmental Engineer	1	Technical Unit
Environmental Engineer	1	Social Expert
Officer	2	Procurement Specialist
Officer	1	Financial Expert
Financial Manager	1	Branch Manager
Industrial Engineer/Class A OHS Expert	1	OHS Expert

The Social Affairs Manager will perform the following functions:

- Ensuring that stakeholder engagement is properly understood by all municipal employees, contractors, consultants and subcontractors
- Managing the public disclosure and obtaining feedback
- Process of all stakeholder engagement activities
- Monitoring of stakeholder engagement activities, complaints and feedback processes carried out within the scope of SEP
- Ensuring the implementation of processes related to grievance redress mechanism and stakeholder engagement
- Processing, managing and tracking grievances, including ensuring timely responses to and closure of grievances



- Controlling over the implementation of the corrective actions to remedy grievances
- Regular reviewing and if necessary, updating the SEP and stakeholder engagement mechanism to ensure that it is effective and reflects Project circumstances and to minimize the problems that may occur in the implementation of this document
- Participation in discussion on responses and the resolution of disputes
- Assisting the implementation, recording and reporting of stakeholder engagement activities defined in this SEP
- Assistance in the preparation of the Environmental and Social Monitoring Reports (ESMRs)

The Supervision Consultant, to be selected via tender process to be carried out by the Project Owner and approved by ILBANK for implementation of this SEP and ESMP of the project during the construction phase of the project, will have at least one Environmental Expert, one Social Expert and one Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Expert in its team.

Supervision Consultant will be responsible for identification and management of environmental, social and occupational health and safety (OHS) related impacts/risks and will ensure initiation corrective actions where necessary.

Supervision Consultant team has following duties;

- Supervises whether all the conditions and rules in the ESMP/SEP document, which is a part of the contract document, are implemented,
- Reviews the SEP document to redefine the stakeholders directly or indirectly affected and/or
 interested in the Project, if required, and to follow up the implementation of the methods,
 instruments, timing and participation levels identified in the SEP,
- Interviews KOSKI and others involved in the stakeholder engagement process to review progress and identify critical issues,
- Reviews grievance records to identify significant non-compliances or recurring issues with stakeholder engagement and other Project activities and to reveal actions,
- Interacts with various stakeholders to get their views on SEP implementation,
- · Takes part in stakeholder engagement activities,
- Meets with WB safeguards and audit teams and responds to queries as necessary.

The Contractor will adhere its responsibilities specified in this SEP and ensure that he/she is aware of its duties and responsibilities within this SEP and the ESMP for compliance with national legislation and WB Safeguard Policies. The Contractor will be responsible for the preparation and submission of regular monthly ESMRs on the environmental, social and OHS issues of the Project during the construction phase. Moreover, during the construction phase, the Contractor will employ a social expert, who will instruct and consult the workers on the implementation of grievance redress mechanism and the applicable stakeholder engagement activities detailed in this SEP in accordance with KOSKI's social expert and ILBANK PMU.

Project Management Unit (PMU) of ILBANK, the Borrower, has the following duties:

- Supervising and monitoring the implementation of environmental and social safeguard policies during project process
- Visit project sites on occasion, and as required, as part of project supervision
- Reviewing the documents related to the environmental and social assessment of the project, provide comments to consultants, and giving official approval to these documents and procedures in accordance with the WB safeguards requirements
- Performing an overall quality assurance function that the EA documents prepared meet WB requirements



As a project financing institution WB has following responsibilities:

- WB will audit the Project Owner's compliance with the provisions set out in the ESMP/SEP managed by the Project Owner during the construction and operation phase via the ESMRs to be submitted by ILBANK every six months
- Visit project sites on occasion, and as required, as part of project supervision.

The operation regarding these activities is not particularly separated from the ongoing work of the PIU and KOSKI. In this context, the activities planned in this SEP, the timing, frequency, schedule, methods and responsibilities for all these stakeholder engagement activities will be carried out in accordance with the ESMP of the project and, if necessary, will be revised during the progress of the project.



IX. GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

IX.1 Purpose of Grievance Redress Mechanism

The purpose of this mechanism is to establish a system for handling, evaluation and resolution of all kinds of grievances, concerns, queries and proposals of the affected communities and other stakeholders, such as construction workers, regarding the project activities (mainly construction). During the project implementation process, grievances will be addressed at mainly three (3) levels; (i) to the Construction Contractor/Operator at local (site) level, (ii) to the KOSKI/PIU (involving also Konya Metropolitan Municipality, ILBANK, CIMER and YIMER) at national level and (iii) to World Bank at international level.

Managing grievances, including avoiding and minimizing them as well as effective handling, is an integral part of a sound stakeholder engagement strategy. Experience shows that significant numbers of grievances arise from misunderstandings, and that such grievances can be avoided, or their numbers reduced, through proactive and consistent engagement with communities. Engagement also helps anticipate and review community concerns to prevent them from escalating into grievances.

In accordance with WB OP 4.01, a process is established by which people who deem that they have been adversely affected by the Project during planning, construction or operation can bring grievances to the Project for consideration and, if required, resolution. A specific project grievance redress mechanism is beneficial in addressing community and individual concerns and complaints before they escalate beyond control.

IX.2 Principles of Grievance Redress Mechanism

Within the scope of the project, the principles of the grievance redress mechanism (GRM) can be listed as follows:

Legitimate: A mechanism will have clear, transparent, and sufficiently independent governance structures to ensure that no party to a particular grievance process can interfere with the fair conduct of that process.

Accessible: A mechanism will be publicized to those who may wish to access it and provide adequate assistance for aggrieved parties who may face barriers of access, including language, literacy, awareness, finance, distance, or fear of reprisal.

Predictable: A mechanism will provide a clear and known procedure, with time frames for each stage; clarity on the types of process and the outcome it can (and cannot) offer; and means of monitoring the implementation of any outcome.

Equitable: A mechanism will ensure that aggrieved parties have reasonable access to sources of information, advice, and expertise necessary to engage in a grievance process on fair and equitable terms.

Rights-based: A mechanism will ensure that its outcomes and remedies accord with internationally recognized human rights standards.

Transparent: A mechanism will provide sufficient transparency of process and outcome to meet the public interest concerns at stake and should presume transparency wherever possible.

Anonymity: A mechanism will provide means by which all individuals are able to raise anonymous complaints. This gives the applicants confidence that they will not be retaliated (see below) against for raising concerns.



Non-retaliation: Every person or stakeholders have right to provide feedback or to raise a complaint, whether positive or negative. Any attempt of retaliation against a complainant is considered as misconduct and will be investigated.

Timely response: A mechanism will reply quickly enough to be useful in taking subsequent action related to the project.

Adequate response: A mechanism will reply with the requested information, or other appropriate information in an understandable form.

IX.3 Responsible Parties

KOSKI/PIU and the Contractors are responsible for implementing the grievance redress mechanism during the construction activities, where KOSKI is responsible for both the construction and operation phases. The PIU of KOSKI, together with contractors and supervision consultants, has to ensure that grievance redress mechanism is implemented effectively.

The GRM Officer of the Contractor is responsible to receive and manage the grievance process and actions to be taken to resolve incoming grievances, as well as reporting to the PIU/ KOSKI. The relevant records will be kept and reported to KOSKI with the supervision of Supervision Consultant.

Under the PMU of the ILBANK Department of International Relations, the GRM Team was created with the assistance of expert/technical experts and technical group managers. The responsibilities of the technical group manager are to ensure the implementation of the indicated procedures and to lead the grievance closure process when multi-dimensional work is needed.

The Supervision Consultant, who will be selected by tender process to be opened by the Project Owner and approved by ILBANK, will take part in the management of the GRM and regularly monitor the reporting of complaints to the Project Owner and Contractor. The Supervision Consultant will also take a part in stakeholder engagement activities to assist KOSKI and the Contractor to be awarded for the project activities.

IX.4 Grievance Procedure

The Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) is a process that allows any stakeholder to file a complaint, raise a concern or provide opportune feedback regarding the planning, implementation or the management of a project.

Contractor GRM at Local (Site) Level

Project specific grievance redress mechanism will be adopted and used by Contractor during the construction phase of the Project. All grievances related to the Project will be evaluated and responded to. The grievance redress mechanism will serve for both internal (such as employees of Contractor) and external stakeholders. Any individual or organization may make enquiries and/or lodge complaints personally. The communication channels will be determined by Contractor for lodging both internal and external grievances.

KOSKI GRM at National Level

A GRM has been established by KOSKI to facilitate and ensure that people or communities who have been impacted or fear adverse effects from the project will have access to and be heard and assisted by the project with effective and timely resolution to their concerns. The most important point in the grievance redress mechanism is to ensure that all complaints are effectively received, recorded,

resolved and responded to by the PIU on a predetermined timetable and according to their content, and to ensure that the corrective / regulatory action to be taken is acceptable to both parties.

Currently, KOSKI uses a hotline "185" at present, which is accessible 24/7 for any emergencies, and communication link through website of KOSKI, which also offers people to follow up their complaints. The following project specific grievance redress mechanism will be adopted and used by KOSKI/PIU during both the construction and operation phases of the Project. The grievance redress mechanism will serve for both internal (such as employees of KOSKI and contractor) and external stakeholders. KOSKI will ensure that an internal GRM for the Project employees will be available to both direct and contracted workers to allow them to raise their workplace related concerns and grievances.

Any individual or organization may make enquiries and/or lodge complaints personally. The following communication channels could be used for lodging both internal and external grievances.

- Telephone (Toll Free Hotline 185 and KOSKI line +90 332 221 61 00)
- Individual application to KOSKİ (Ihsaniye Mah., Kazim Karabekir Cd. No: 56, 42060 Selcuklu/Konya)
- Website (https://www.koski.gov.tr/sayfa/bize-yazin) and e-mail of KOSKI (bilgi@koski.gov.tr)
- On the KOSKI website contact page, complainants will also be able to submit their ideas/requests/complaints via the "Information Acquisition", "Message to the General Director" and "e-Petition" tabs (see Figure IX.1)
- In addition, necessary information can be obtained from the announcements and malfunctions / interruptions page on the KOSKI website
- Grievance Boxes at construction sites (mainly for internal grievances from workers) and related neighborhoods' Mukhtars office and/or selected points
- Direct contact with gate keepers and GRM Officer at construction sites
- Meetings and formal/informal consultations

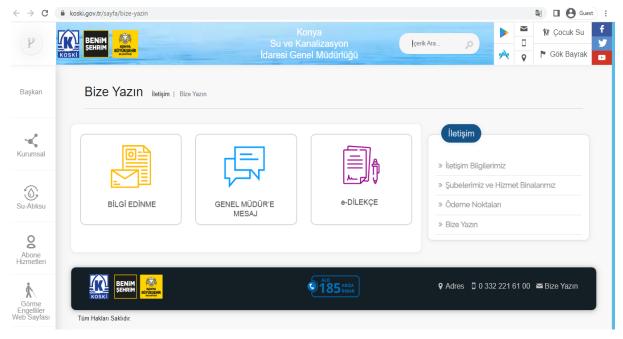


Figure IX.1 Screenshot of KOSKI Website



ILBANK GRM at National Level

ILBANK's GRM procedure has been prepared in line with ESF/ESS10¹. It also complies with the World Bank's environmental and social standards. ILBANK has a policy in this regard, and it is shared on its website². ILBANK International Relations Department, GRM Team, through the following communication tools:

- Website: https://www.ilbank.gov.tr/form/bilgiedinmeuluslararasi
- E-mail: bilguidb@ilbank.gov.tr and etikuidb@ilbank.gov.tr
- Phone number: +90 312-508 79 79
- Address for Official Letter: ILBANK Department of International Relations, GM Team (letters must be marked as personal or confidential) Emniyet Mahallesi Hipodrom Caddesi No:9/21 Yenimahalle/ANKARA

CIMER and YIMER GRMs at National Level

Apart from the means of Grievance Redress Mechanism presented by the Project Owner as mentioned above, all internal and external stakeholders, who are not satisfied with the solutions offered by the Project's Grievance Redress Mechanism or have requests for a higher-level explanation could apply following means at the national level.

- Presidency's Communication Center: The Presidency's Communication Centre (CIMER)
 has been providing a centralized complaint system for Turkish citizens, legal persons and
 foreigners. CIMER will be available to Project stakeholders as an alternative and well-known
 channel for conveying their Project-related grievances and feedback directly to state
 authorities.
 - Website: www.cimer.gov.tr
 - Call Centre: 150
 - Phone number: +90 312 525 55 55
 - Fax number: +90 312 473 64 94
 - Address for Official Letter: Republic of Türkiye, Directorate of Communications Kizilirmak Mah. Mevlana Bulvari No:144 ÇANKAYA/ANKARA
 - Individual applications: Community relations desks at governorates, ministries, and district governorates.
- Foreigners Communication Center: The Foreigners Communication Center (YİMER) has been providing a centralized complaint system for foreigners. YİMER will be available to Project stakeholders as an alternative and well-known channel for conveying their Projectrelated grievances and feedback directly to state authorities.
 - Website: www.yimer.gov.tr
 - Call Centre: 157
 - Phone number: +90 312 157 11 22
 - Fax number: +90 312 920 06 09
 - Address for Official Letter: Republic of Türkiye General Directorate of Migration Management, Camlica Mahallesi 122. Sokak No: 4 Yenimahalle/ANKARA
 - Individual applications: Republic of Türkiye General Directorate of Migration Management.

¹ WB's ESSs https://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/environmental-and-social-framework/brief/environmental-and-social-standards

² İLBANK's GM Policy https://www.ilbank.gov.tr/storage/uploads/pagefiles/ilbank_gm_policy_1646748212.pdf



If the complaint cannot be resolved with the existing process, applicants can always apply to relevant legal institutions. Such institutions can be summarized as follows:

- Civil Courts of First Instance
- Administrative Courts
- Commercial Courts of First Instance
- Labor Courts
- Ombudsman (https://ebasvuru.ombudsman.gov.tr/)

Certain complaints warrant urgent action, and the regular GRM procedure may be inappropriate or too slow to prevent an issue from escalating. A separate fast-tracked GRM, including guidance on the circumstances under which it should be employed, can help ensure that high-priority complaints are dealt with in a timely manner. In the case of complaints alleging serious harm or risk of harm, and/or serious rights violations, the GRM's standard operating procedures will call for a fast-track response, whether by the GRM or by immediate referral to another office or organization and immediate notification to the complainant of that referral.

Furthermore, the project GRM will include a channel to receive and address confidential complaints related to SEA/SH and gender based violence (GBV) with special measures in place. If an employee faces SEA/SH issue s/he can either apply to a higher level superior or directly go to police station, as stipulated in the national referral system of the country for dealing such cases. The content and procedures of the project's GRM will also have a reporting line on such cases in regard to SEA/SH issues and will be handled under full confidentiality. The GRM focal point receiving the SEA/SH related grievance should direct this to national referral systems immediately and record that this has been directed, as set out in the GRM Procedure of ILBANK. All details of the complainant of the sensitive case will be kept strictly confidential.

WB Redress Service at International Level

Communities and individuals who believe that they are adversely affected by a World Bank supported project may submit complaints to existing project-level grievance redress mechanisms or the Bank's Grievance Redress Service (GRS). The GRS ensures that complaints received are promptly reviewed in order to address project-related concerns.

Project affected communities and individuals may submit their complaint to the Bank's independent Inspection Panel, which determines whether harm occurred, or could occur, as a result of Bank non-compliance with its policies and procedures. Complaints may be submitted at any time after concerns have been brought directly to the World Bank's attention, and Bank Management has been given an opportunity to respond.

For information on how to submit complaints to the Bank's corporate Grievance Redress Service (GRS), please visit: http://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/products-and-services/grievance-redress-service. For information on how to submit complaints to the World Bank Inspection Panel, please visit www.inspectionpanel.org.

The step-by-step internal and external grievance process to be adopted is provided in flowchart in Table IX.1. In addition, a sample form to be used by KOSKI/PIU's Social Affairs Manager, GRM Officer of the Contractor and/or PIU members responsible for GRM are also given below. The sample form for Grievance Register is given in Appendix-3, Sample Grievance Form is given in Appendix-4 and Sample Grievance Closeout Form is given in Appendix-5 and Sample Consultation Form is given in Appendix-6



Table IX.1 Grievance Redress Mechanism Flowchart

Grievance Process	Requirement / Action	Responsible Party
Submission of a complaint	Receiving the grievance by any communication channel explained above. (At this point, if the complaint is a sensitive grievance involving child abuse, sexual harassment or abuse or Gender Based Violence (GBV), immediate action will be taken within 48 hours after receiving the complaint. For the cases relevant to sexual exploitation and abuse/sexual harassment (SEA/SH) at workplace or any potential child abuse in the project sites, the complaint will be directed by the GRM focal point (based in ILBANK headquarter) to relevant legal authorities/service providers such as Ministry of Family and Social Services and Prosecutors Office.	KOSKI/PIU Contractor Supervision Consultant
Registration of complaint	Registering/recording through making an entry in the grievance register (see Appendix-3 for a sample) and filling of the Grievance Form (see Appendix-4). All the complaints will be registered within two (2) working days and feedback will be given to the complainant and detailed information about the complaint may be requested from the complainant within this period. Moreover, the details of implemented stakeholder engagement activities will be recorded in a Stakeholder Engagement Log (see Table VII.4). If the complainant requests that this complaint be treated anonymously, this complaint will be recorded anonymously and the request will be met.	KOSKI/PIU Supervision Consultant
Forwarding of complaint	The compliant is forwarded to the relevant persons (GRM Officer on construction sites and experts of the PIU) responsible for handling the complaint in not later than three (3) working days upon receiving the complaint (except for any emergent complaint, which would be handled as appropriate).	KOSKI/PIU Contractor Supervision Consultant
Evaluation of a complaint	Evaluating the complaints within ten (10) working days and determining whether the complaint meets the admissibility criteria. If the complaint is not valid, providing relevant explanation to the complainant.	KOSKI/PIU Supervision Consultant
	If the complaint is valid, identifying and taking corrective measures for resolving the complaint in not later than fifteen (15) working days upon receiving. If an agreement cannot be reached on the closure of the complaint, the complainant will be informed that he/she may apply ILBANK, CIMER, YIMER and other legal remedies. After the notification of this process, the Grievance Closeout Form will be filled (see Appendix-5).	KOSKI/PIU Supervision Consultant
Response for a complaint	All comments and complaints will be responded to either verbally or in writing, in accordance with the preferred method of communication specified by the complainant, if contact details of the complainant are provided.	
	At this point, it should be noted that the action taken and the result of this anonymously recorded grievance will be shared on the KOSKI website, so that anonymous complainant is informed about their complaint and the results.	
Recording the result of a complaint	Recording the result of the complaint in grievance register (see Appendix-3).	KOSKI/PIU Supervision Consultant



Grievance Process	Requirement / Action	Responsible Party
Right to Appeal	If the complaint cannot be resolved with the existing process, applicants can always apply to relevant legal institutions. Such institutions can be summarized as follows:	KOSKI/PIU ILBANK Supervision Consultant

KOSKI/PIU has toll free hotline 185 and receiving the grievances and the Construction Contractor will forward the grievances to KOSKI.

In addition, the Construction Contractor has an existing grievance redress mechanism to handle the complaints received from workers. The Construction Constructor aims:

- To ensure that existing mechanism for all construction contractors' workers to share their thoughts and complaints regarding their working conditions is used properly.
- To ensure that the repetition of complaints related to the same issues will be prevented.
- To have an active and transparent engagement with workers aiming for solving concerns at an early stage of dispute.

Basic steps in a grievance redress mechanism are explained in Figure IX.2.



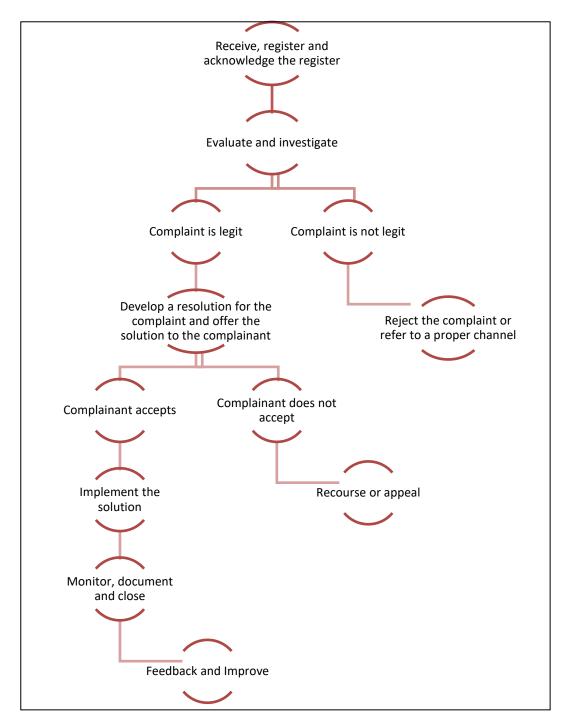


Figure IX.2 Sample grievance redress mechanism for workers

The sample grievance documents are presented in Appendices 2, 3 and 4. The grievance form and grievance register will be available at the construction site and will be available for the experts following the inquiries at the PIU/KOSKI.



X. MONITORING AND REPORTING

This SEP is a living document, which will be updated periodically (at least once in every six months) to record consultations undertaken, issues raised, actions taken; to describe lessons learned and any changes to the consultation process; and to outline the schedule for on-going and future interaction. KOSKI will inform ILBANK on any changes made in SEP.

KOSKI/PIU will monitor participation of the stakeholders in the planned engagement activities. Through evaluation of outcomes and effect of engagement, PIU intends to obtain regular feedback from stakeholders via some of the planned engagement activities which are given in Chapter VI and effective usage of Grievance Redress Mechanism and its different communication tools which are given in Chapter IX and to learn if the planned outcomes are achieved or if there is a need for changing the approach. Additionally, Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) to be targeted for this SEP during the construction and operation phases of the project are given in the Table X.1.

Table X.1 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for SEP Monitoring

Parameter	Key Performance Indicator	Target	Project Phase	Assessment Frequency	Responsibl e Party
	Number of Grievances Received	Decrease in number of grievances received	Construction	Monthly	KOSKI/PIU Contractor
Internal Grievances (mainly from workers)	Number of Open or Closed Grievances Average Grievance Closeout Time Types of Grievances Number of Invalid Grievances (Grievance forms, other online and offline communication methods, etc.)	Increase in grievance closeout rate (closed grievances /total number of grievances) Decrease in time of grievance closeout Zero grievances not closed out within the target timeframe Target closeout rate of total grievances: 90%	Operation	Quarterly	KOSKI/PIU
	Number of Grievances Received (by gender and category of	Decrease in number of grievances received	Construction	Monthly	KOSKI/PIU Contractor
External Grievances	grievance) Number of Open or Closed Grievances Types of Grievance Average Grievance Closeout Time Number of Invalid Grievances (Grievance forms, database, other online and offline communication methods, etc.)	Increase in grievance closeout rate (closed grievances /total number of grievances) Decrease in time of grievance closeout Zero grievances not closed out within the target timeframe Target closeout rate of total grievances: 90%	Operation	Quarterly	KOSKI/PIU
Stakeholder Engagement	Number of planned Stakeholder	Increase in the number of activities	Construction	Monthly	KOSKI/PIU Contractor
Activities	Engagement Activities	carried out	Operation	Quarterly	KOSKI/PIU



Parameter	Key Performance Indicator	Target	Project Phase	Assessment Frequency	Responsibl e Party
	Type of planned Stakeholder Engagement Activities Number of participant stakeholders Type of participant stakeholders (Activity records, meeting minutes, participant records and related reports,	Increase in the number of participants Increase in the number of different types of stakeholders (as group or person) Increase in the number of activities carried out			
	documents, etc.)				

Throughout the Project, KOSKI/PIU will communicate with stakeholders and inform them about any significant issues, for example, changes in the project schedule. Any additional stakeholders identified during the lifetime of the Project will also be added to the stakeholder list and communication with them will be initiated. Improvements, upgrades and all environmental and social issues will be timely communicated via the methods outlined in Chapter VII of this SEP.

The feedbacks received from communities, local authorities, landowners, other companies, NGOs, media, academic institutions and other interest groups on a systematic basis through an effective consultation and grievance redress mechanism, which is developed, will be registered and reported by KOSKI during the construction and operation phase.

Monthly summaries/reports regarding grievances, queries, and related incidents together with the implementation status of corrective/preventive actions will be prepared by the contractor throughout the construction phase and by KOSKI during the operation phase. These Summaries will be incorporated to monthly ESMRs, which will be prepared by the Contractor in construction phase of the project to be submitted to the Municipality. Also the Contractor should convey the grievances immediately to the Project Owner besides summarizing them in monthly ESMRs. The monthly summaries/reports will be a means to assess both the number and nature of complaints (if any), along with KOSKI's and contractor/s' ability to address complaints in a timely and effective manner. As for the incidents, the Contractor is responsible for immediate notification of the contingencies such as environmental, social and labor issues or accidents, incidents or loss of time to the Project Owner and keeping an event log on site throughout the lifetime of the project.

Monthly ESMRs will be prepared by the Contractor to be submitted to KOSKI. Quarterly ESMRs and semiannual Project Progress reports will be prepared by KOSKI, to be submitted to ILBANK together with the Grievance Register. Semiannual ESMRs and Project Progress reports will be prepared by ILBANK to be submitted to WB. These reports will include a summary of the Project's performance on management of health, safety, environment and social issues, grievance redress mechanism and stakeholder engagement activities conducted during the specified period. All work done within the GRM will be documented with the forms and logs in this SEP and will be evaluated and reported according to the determined KPI targets. It should also be noted that the personal information of the complainant having used the GRM will remain confidential and will never be shared in these reports.

Stakeholder engagement activities can be presented in a tabular format (see Table VII.4) listing the tasks undertaken, the time of action, responsible party, target group and the purpose of the action.



APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: EIA Exemption Letter



KONYA VALİLİĞİ Çevre ve Şehircilik İl Müdürlüğü T.C. Cevre ve Sehircilik Bakanlığı KONYA CEVRE VE SEHİRCİLİK İL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ - CED VE ÇEVRE İZINLERİNDEN SORUMLU ŞUBE MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ

Sayı: 47342952-220.03-Konu: ÇED Muafiyeti

KONYA SU VE KANALİZASYON İDARESİ BAŞKANLIĞI adına ARBİOTEK ÇEVRE ÇÖZÜMLERİ ARAŞTIRMA GEL. ÇEVRE LAB. VE İNŞ. SAN. TİC.LTD.ŞTİ. Selçuk Üniversitesi TGB1 Safir Panaroma F Blok No:302-303 Selçuklu/KONYA

T.C.

Konya İli, Derebucak İlçesi Sarayönü Mahallesi 159 Ada 94 ve 95 Parsel mevkiinde Konya Büyükşehir Belediyesi Başkanlığı(Konya Su ve Kanalizasyon İdaresi Başkanlığı) tarafından yapılması planlanan Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi (400 m3/gün) projesi, 25/11/2014 tarih ve 29186 sayılı Resmi Gazete'de yayımlanarak yürürlüğe giren ÇED Yönetmeliği Listelerindeki eşik değerden az olduğu için kapsam dışı olarak değerlendirilmiştir.

Ancak, planlanan yatırım ile ilgili olarak, 5491 sayılı kanunla değişik 2872 sayılı Çevre Kanunu ile bu Kanuna istinaden çıkarılan Yönetmeliklerin ilgili hükümlerine uyulması ve diğer mer'i mevzuat çerçevesinde öngörülen gerekli izinlerin alınması, ekolojik dengenin bozulmamasına, çevrenin korunmasına ve geliştirilmesine yönelik tedbirlere riayet edilmesi gerekmektedir.

Bilgilerinizi rica ederim.

Osman KOCAOĞLU Çevre ve Şehircilik İl Müdürü V.

> Evrağın Aslı Güvenli Elektronik İmzalıdır Kani FILIZ V. H. K. I. Evrak Mem Tanh : 2.5. Ağuslas. 2016.

Horozluhan Mah. Abdülbasri Sk. no:1 Selçuklu/ Konya Telefon No: 03322354525 Faks: 03322354527 E-Posta: hatice.tunc@csb.gov.tr Internet Adresi: www.csb.gov.tr

Bilgi için:Hatice Tunç Ziraat Mühendisi

Bu belge 5070 sayılı elektronik imza kanununa göre güvenli elektronik imza ile imzalanmıştır.

Sayfa 1/1
Evrak teyidine http://evrakdogrulama.csb.gov.tr adresinden Belge Num.:47342952-220.03-E.11142 ve Barkod Num.:8064879 bilgileriyle erisebilirsiniz.

APPENDIX 2: Newspaper Announcements

DOĞANHİSAR, DEREBUCAK VE TAŞKENT ATIKSU ARITMA TESİSİ PROJELERİ HALKIN KATILIMI TOPLANTISINA DAVET

Konya Su ve Kanalizasyon İdaresi Genel Müdürlüğü ve İller Bankası A.Ş. tarafından Dünya Bankası finansmanı ile yürütülecek olan "Sürdürülebilir Şehirler Projesi-II Ek Finansman (SŞP-II-EF)" kapsamında Konya ili, Doğanhisar, Derebucak ve Taşkent İlçeleri sınırları içinde yapılması planlanan Doğanhisar, Derebucak ve Taşkent Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi Projeleri için yürütülen çevresel ve sosyal çalışmalar kapsamında halkı bilgilendirmek, halkın görüş ve önerilerini almak, inşaat ve işletme dönemlerinde halk ile işbirliği tesis etmek üzere İdare tarafından planlanan ve aşağıda detayları verilen "Halkın Katılımı Toplantısı" düzenlenecektir.

Halkımıza saygı ile duyurulur.

Toplantı Tarihi, Saati ve Yeri

Doğanhisar AAT:

Tarihi: 21.09.2023 Perşembe günü saat:10.00

Adresi: Doğanhisar Kültür Merkezi Pazar Mahallesi İhsan Zeki

Doyduk Caddesi No:7 Doğanhisar/KONYA

Derebucak AAT:

Tarihi: 21.09.2023 Perşembe günü saat:14.00

Adresi: Derebucak İlçe Parkı Sarayönü Mahallesi Av. Tahir AKYÜREK

Caddesi No:71 Derebucak/KONYA

Taskent AAT:

Tarihi: 22.09.2023 Cuma günü saat:14.00

Adresi: Taşkent Belediyesi Düğün Salonu Hıra Mahallesi Vali İzzet

Bey Caddesi No:6 Taşkent/KONYA

Proje Sahibi : Konya Su ve Kanalizasyon İdaresi Genel

Müdürlüğü

Tel : 0 332 221 61 00 Faks : 0 332 235 46 34



APPENDIX 3: Sample Grievance Register

										Complain	ant Information	on							Action Tak	en		
•	lo I	Complaint Register Number	How Complaint is Received (Grievance Form, Community Meeting, Telephone)	Level of Grievance (Municipality/Utility Level, Regional ILBANK Office, ILBANK HQ Level)	Date of Complaint Received	Location of Complaint Received	Name of Person Receiving Grievance	Land Parcel # (If complaint is related to land)	Name/Surname	ID Number	Telephone/ e-mail	Village- District	Gender	Project Component Related to Complaint	Grievance Category (expropriation/land acquisition related, environmental issues, damages to structures, etc.)	Complaint Summary	Grievance Status (open, closed or pending)	Responsible Person/Department	Action Planned	Due Date of Addressing the Grievance	Date of Action Taken	Supporting Documents for Grievance Closeout (bank receipt for compensation, grievance closure protocol)
	1																					











APPENDIX 4: Sample Grievance Form

	KONYA METROPOLITAN MUNI WATER AND SEW	-			ATE OF		
#K#	Construction	of De	erebucak	WWTP			
KOSKÍ	GRIEV	ANC	E FORM	1			
Person Filling out the Form:			Date and time	e:			
Meeting Agenda:			Reference No	o:			
1. INFORMATION ABOUT THE C	COMPLAINANT						
Name Surname:			Means of Co	mplaint:			
TR Identification number:	Phone / Toll Free Hotline						
Phone:			Face to Face Meeting				
Address:			Website / E-Mail				
E-Mail:			Other (Explai	n)			
Stakeholder Type							
Public PAP		rofessio hamber		NGO			
Interest Gr Industry Associations	ledia		University				
2. DETAILED INFORMATION ON	THE COMPLAINT						
Explanation of the complaint:							
Action requested by the complainant:							

Registrant Name Surname/ Signature

Complainant Name Surname / Signature











APPENDIX 5: Sample Grievance Closeout Form



KONYA METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY / GENERAL DIRECTORATE OF WATER AND SEWERAGE ADMINISTRATION

Construction of Derebucak WWTP

KOSKI		GRIEVAN	CE CLOSEOUT FORM
Reference No:			
1. IDENTIFICATION OF CORRE	CTIVE ACTIO	N	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
Responsible Departments			
2. TERMINATION OF THE COM	PLAINT		
This section will be filled and signed by the complainant in the event that the complaint specified in the "Grievance Register Form" is resolved.			
Grievance Closeout Date:		name/Signature of the osing the Complaint:	Name-Surname/Signature of the Complainant:

 <i>I</i>	/	











APPENDIX 6: Sample Consultation Form

	OF WATER AND SEWER	PALITY/GENERAL DIRECTORATE RAGE ADMINISTRATION Derebucak WWTP
KOSKÍ	CONSULTA	TION FORM
Person Filling out the Form:		Date and time:
Meeting Agenda:		Consultation Registration:
1. CONSULTATION INFORMATION		
Interviewed Institution:		Communication Type
Name-Surname of the Interviewee:		Phone / Hotline
Phone:		Face to Face Meeting
Address:		Website / E-mail
E-Mail:		Other (Explain)
Stakeholder Type		
Public PAP Institution Interest Groups Industry Associations	Private Professic Chamber Labor Media	
2. CONSULTATION DETAILS		
Questions about the project:		
Project concerns/feedback:		
Responses to the views expressed above:		
Recorded by Name-Last Name/Signature	Complainant Name-Last Name/Signature	











APPENDIX 7: Photos of Stakeholder Consultation Meeting















APPENDIX 8: Participation List of Stakeholder Consultation Meeting

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APPENDIX 9: Presentation Demonstrated during Stakeholder Consultation Meeting













PROJE YÜRÜTÜCÜSÜ KİMDİR? PROJE UYGULAYICISI KİMDİR? PROJE FİNANSÖRÜ KİMDİR? PROJE YÜRÜTÜCÜSÜ: ILLER BANKASI ANONIM ŞIRKETI GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ ILBANK KOSKI PROJE UYGULAYICISI: KONYA BÜYÜKŞEHİR BELEDIYESİ SU VE KANALIZASYON İDARESİ GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ (KOSKİ) THE WORLD BANK PROJE FÎNAN SÖRÜ: DÜNYA BANKASI ILBANK THE WORLD BANK

PROJENIN YERI . Proje alanı Konya ili Derebucak ilçesinde yer almaktadır. İlçe, Konya il merkezine 140 km uzaklıktadır. ❖ Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi için ayrılan arsa büyüklüğü yaklaşık 2400 m²'dir. ILBANK THE WORLD BANK





























PROJENÍN AMACI ve FAYDALARI

- ❖ Proje, KOSKİ'nin Derebucak ilçesinde uygun bir atıksu arıtması sağlamasını ve böylece halk sağlığı, çevre ve doğal kaynaklara yönelik riskleri azaltmasını sağlayacaktır.
- Proje, bölgedeki koku şikayetlerini ortadan kaldıracaktır.
- ❖ Proje, Türkiye'nin atıksu sektöründe ulusal ve uluslararası kalite standartlarına uyum çabalarına katkı sağlayacaktır.
- . Halkın sağlık standartları projenin uygulanmasıyla iyileştirilecektir.













PROJE ÖZELLİKLERİ

- Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi, 400 m³/gün kapasiteli gelişmiş biyolojik atıksu arıtma sistemi olarak tasarlanmıştır.
- Proje ile hizmet verilmesi öngörülen nüfus yaklaşık 2.570 kişidir.
- Projenin personel ihtiyaçlar henüz kesinleşmemiş olmakla beraber işe alım sürecinde yerel halka öncelik verilecektir.
- Projenin inşaat faaliyetlerinin 12 ay süreceği öngörülmektedir.

















PROJE ÖZELLİKLERİ

- Proje, Derebucak İlçesi Sarayönü Mahallesi 159/25 parseli üzerinde yaklaşık 2.400 m². alana inşa edilecektir.
- Atıksu arıtma tesisinin inşasının yapılacağı arazi, 27.08.2017 tarihinde KOSKİ tarafından sahiplerinden satın alınmıştır ve arazı şu anda KOSKİ'ye aittir.
- Arazi devir işlemleri tamamlandığından herhangi bir özel arazinin kamulaştırılması gerekmemektedir.
- Atiksu arıtma tesisi daha önce çilek yetiştiriciliği için kullanılmıştır, ancak alan şu anda atıl durumda olup herhangi bir amaç için kullanılmamaktadır. Arazide, en son kiracı tarafından 2017 yılında çilek ekimi yapılmış ancak arazi alınmadan önce kiracı araziden ayrılmıştır













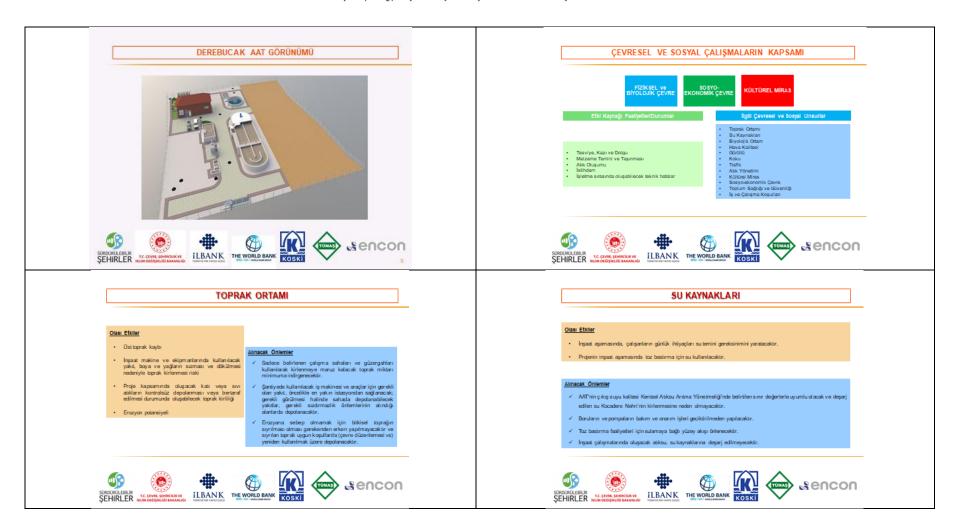


















KARASAL BİYOÇEŞİTLİLİK

Olası Etkiler

Flora- fauna türleri üzerindeki olası riskler

Alınacak Önlemler

- 🗸 Proje alanı içerisinde korunan ve hassas ekosistemler veya türlerin olması öngörülmemektedir.
- Çalışma afanı sınırları içerisinde gerekli görülmedikçe bilki örtüsü temizliği yapılmayacaktır. Bilki örtüsü temizliği yapıları yerlerde mümkün olduğunca tekrar bilkilendirme yapılacaktır.
- 🗸 Arazi hazırlığı aşamasından önce, inşaat faaliyetlerinin yapılacağı bölge önceden belirlenecek ve bu sınırların















- Projonin ingazt agamasındı hava kalibsi üzerindeki başılca etkiler, matzeme taşıma, araç hareketi ve ağır iş makinelerinden (kamyonlar, eleksivaktöre, ve, kişmaktınan emisyonlarda keynekli etkiler diacister. Hava kiriliği esaz diarek tez emisyonları ve egeze emisyorlarılık serin gezi emisyonları keyneli eleksiler.
- Sahanın hazırlarması ve ingazi taaliyeteri için kullanılacak ulaşım aradan, makinder ve dış mekan oklipmanları tarafından gürülü oluşması haliformakindir.

HAVA KALİTESİ VE GÜRÜLTÜ

Olası Etkiler

- 🗸 İngaat sahalan toz oluşumuna karşı düzenli olarak sulanacaktır.
- ✓ İngaatta gürültü bariyerleri kullanılarak gürültü azatımı sağlanacaktır.
- 🗸 İnşaat araçlarının şantiyeye girmeyi beklerken veya şartiyede beklerken molorlarını çalışır durumda tutmalarına izin verilmeyecektir.
- 🗸 Proje kapsamında gürütü seviyesi düşük ekipman seçimine özen gösterilecektir.
- 🗸 İnşaat faaliyetleri mürrkün olduğunca gündüz saatlerinde yapılacaktır.















KOKU

Olasi Etkiler

Atıksu anıtma tesisinin çamur üniteleri kaynaklı düşük miktarda koku oluşumu görülebilir.

Almacak Önlemler

- ✓ Katı atık ve aktif çamur miktarlarının azaltılması sağlanacaktır.
- 🗸 Biyolojik antım sırasında havalandırma oranı artınlacaktır.
- ✓ Arıtma tesisi kapasitesini aşan atıksu akışı önlenecektir.
- 🗸 Koku ile ilgili şikayetleri yönetmek için işleyen bir şikayet giderme mekanizması kurulacaktır.















TRAFİK

Olası Etkiler

Şehir içinde ve tesis çevresinde gerçekleştirilecek inşaat faaliyetleri dolasıyla trafiğin artması ve aksaması

Alınacak Önlemler

- ✓ Trafik Yönetim Planı hazırlanacak ve trafiği etkileyebilecek tüm faaliyetler bu plana göre yapılacaktır.
- ✓ Trafik, trafik güvenliğini ve trafik akışındaki aksamaları minimuma indirecek şekilde düzenlenecektir.
- ✓ Yolların kapatılması gerekiyorsa resmi izinler alınacak ve aksaklığın güzergahı ve süresi önceden belirlenecektir.
- Gerekli trafik levhaları ve bariyerler yüklenici tarafından konulacaktır.
- Şikayet mekanizması kurulacak ve işletilecektir.



























ATIK OLUŞUMU

Atik Orefecek Olacı Kaynaklar

- Insaatta çalışacak personel kaynaklı katı atık oluşumu
- · Ahşap, kağıt, karton, plastik vb. ambalaj atıkları
- Projehin inşaat ve işletme aşamalan kapsamında oluşabilecek tehlikeli ve özel atklar, kontamine kaplar, bez ve giderler, atık pil ve akümülatörler, atık yağlar vb.





- Proje kapsamında duşacak atklar atk yönetmi hiyerarşisine göre yönetilecektir.
- Abklar çok bekletilmeden bertaraf edilecektir.
- Abk okşumu, depolanması ve bertarafı ile ilgil kayıtlar tutulacaktır. Gecici depolanan abklar özeliklerine göre sınıflandırılacaktır.

















SOSYO-EKONOMİ

- · Projenin inşaat ve işletme aşamalarında toz, gürültü, ulaşımın aksaması gibi hususlar söz konusu olabilir.
- Proje kapsamında çalıştırıladak iş gücünün; çalışma şartları, haklarının korunması, iş sağlığı ve güvenliği gibi konular üzerindeki olası etkileri olabilir.

Alınacak Önlemler

- 🗸 Çalışanların ulusal iş hukuku kapsamındaki haklanyla ligili açık ve anlaşılır bir şekilde bilgilendirilmesi
- 🗸 📑 İş Sağlığı ve Güvenliği kapsamında inşaat aşamasında çalışanlara ve operasyon ve balem persondine eğitimler verilmesi
- ✓ Çalışarların ve üçüncü kişilerin, proje ile liğli alanlara girişinin kortrollü bir şekilde sağlanması, Proje alanının gövenliğini sağlamak için gerekli izinlere sahip kişilerin veya kuruluş görevillerinin alana erişime izin verilmesi.
- ✓ Şikayet mekanizmasının kurulması ve işletilmesi

























ARKEOLOJÍ VE KÜLTÜREL MÍRAS

- İnşaat aşamasında bilinmeyen arkeolojik yerleri ve kalıntıları keşfetme ve bunlara olası zarar vermek
- Înşaat aşamasında bulunan arkeolojik yerlerin ve kalıntıların değerli olduğunu fark edemeden önemli kültürel değerleri kaybetmek

Alınacak Önlemler

- 🗸 Kültürel mirasın korunmasının önemi ve Proje'nin kültürel miras kaynaklarına olan etkilerini önleme, en aza indirme veya hafifletme taahhütleri konusunda farkındalıklarını artırmak için tüm Proje personeli ve Taşeronlara eğitim verilecektir. Eğitim KOSKI/PIU Ç&S Uzmanı tarafından yürütülecektir.
- ✓ Yüklenici ve Taşeronlarla yapılan sözleşmelerde inşaat süresince inşaat kaynaklı zararların karşılanmasına yönelik hükümler ver alacaktır.
- ✓ Yüklenicinin Proje alanında yapacağı işler sırasında herhangi bir taşınır veya taşınmaz kültür varlığı ile karşılaşması. durumunda, Yüklenici tüm işleri durdurmalı, 2863 sayılı Kanur'un 4. maddesi uyanınca KOSKİ tarafından en yakın Mahallı İdare veya Müze Müdürlüğü'ne haber vermeli ve bundan sonra ilgili makamdan gelecek talimatlara uymalıdır.















PAYDAŞ KATILIMI: SÜRECE NASIL DAHİL OLABİLİRSİNİZ?

Görüs ve Sikavet Bildirme Mekanizması

Proje kapsamında bir Şikayet Mekanizması kurulacak ve herkes tarafından erişilebilir

Proje ile ilgili beklentilerinizi, görüşlerinizi, önerilerinizi ve şikayetlerinizi;

- Paydaş Kablım Toplanbları sırasında,
- KOSKI Internet sitesini kullanarak,
- Sikayet Mekanizmasını kullanarak
- Alo 163 ve Alo 186 Aoli Yardım Haffı araolığıyla,
- · Cumhurbaşkanlığı İletişim Merkezi (CİMER) arapılığıyla,
- KOSKÍ proje temploid araoličnyla lietebilirpiniz.

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Bu toplantıda sunacağınız görüş, öneri ve şikayetleriniz kayıt altına alınarak nihal raporda ilgili paydaşların (KOSK), İLBANK, DB) bilgisine sunulacaktır.

























SÜRDÜRÜLEBİLİR ŞEHİRLER PROJESİ - II

DEREBUCAKATIKSU ARITMA TESISI PROJESI

KATILIMINIZ VE İLGİNİZ İÇİN TEŞEKKÜR EDERİZ! SORULAR, YORUMLAR VE GÖRÜŞLER





















APPENDIX 10: Brochure of Project Distributed during Stakeholder Consultation Meeting

Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi Projesi ("Proje"), Türkiye'deki şehirlerde sürdürülebilir kalkınmayı desteklemek için Sürdürülebilir Şehirler Projesi- II Ek Finansman (SŞP-II-EF) kapsamındaki alt projelerden biridir. SŞP-II-EF, özellikle projelerden biridir. SŞP-II-EF, özellikle afetlere ve iklim değişikliğinin hafifletilmesine ve risklere karşı şehir direncine ilişkin proje yaklaşımlarını geliştirmeyi amaçlamaktadır.

Dünya Bankası (DB) tarafından finanse edilen proje, İller Bankası A.Ş. aracılığı ile KOSKİ tarafından yürütülecektir.

Proje, Derebucak İlçesi'nde atıksu arıtımı eksikliğinden kaynaklanan çevre kirilliğini çözmeyi ve halk sağlığını iyileştirmeyi amaçlamaktadır.

Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi, gelişmiş biyolojik atıksu arıtma sistemi olarak tasarlanmıştır. Mevcut durumda, Kocadere Nehri'ne arıtılmamış atıksu deşarjı, çevre ve halk sağlığı üzerinde önemli bir bask oluşturmaktadır.

Bu kapsamda Proje, 2055 hedef yılı ile 400 m³/gün kapasiteli bir Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi (AAT) inşa ederek bu baskıyı ortadan (AAT) inşa ederek bu baskıyı örladarı kaldırmayı hedeflemektedir. Proje ile hizmet verilmesi öngörülen nüfus yaklaşık 2.570 kişidir. Proje, Derebucak İlçesi Sarayönü Mahallesi 159/25 parseli üzerinde yaklaşık 2.400 m² alana inşa edilecektir (Bkz: Şekil 1).

Projenin beklenen sonuçları aşağıdaki gibidir:

- Proje, KOSKİ'nin Derebucak ilçesinde uygun bir atıksu arıtması sağlamasını ve böylece halk sağlığı, çevre ve doğal kaynaklara yönelik riskleri azaltmasını sağlayacaktır,
- Proje, bölgedeki koku şikayetlerini
- ortadan kaldıracaktır;
 Proje, Türkiye'nin atıksu sektöründe
 ulusal ve uluslararası kalite standartlarına uyum çabalarına katkı sağlayacaktır;
- Halkın sağlık standartları projenir uygulanmasıyla iyileştirilecektir.

Projenin inşaatının on iki (12) ayda tamamlanması planlanmaktadır.

İnsaat ve isletme asamalarında istihdam edilecek toplam işçi sayısı kesin olmamakla birlikte, inşaat ve işletme aşamalarında sırasıyla 100 ve 10 olarak öngörülmektedir.

Projenin işe alım sürecinde yerel halka öncelik verilecektir.

Proje, ulusal mevzuatın yanı sıra DB Koruma Politikaları, yönergeler, standartlar ve en iyi uygulama belgeleri de dahil olmak üzere iyi uluslararası uygulamalarla uyumlu olacaktır.

Proje herhangi bir ekonomik yer değiştirmeye neden olmayacaktır. AAT'nin inşası sırasında sadece yerel işletmeler üzerinde önemli olmayan geçici etki olacaktır. Yolların kapanmasından mümkün olduğunca kaçınılacak, inşaat faaliyetleri nedeniyle proje cevresindeki isletmelerin kapanmas , beklenmemektedir



ekil 1: Derebucak AAT Yer Bulduru Haritas

Beklenen etkilerin yönetimi için bir Çevresel ve Sosyal Yönetim Planı (ÇSYP) geliştirilmiştir.

geliştirilmesinden Projenin kaynaklanan olası çevresel ve sosyal etki ve riskleri belirlemek ve önemli olumsuz çevresel etkiler için etki azaltma önlemleri önermek amacıyla hazırlanmaktadır.











Ayrıca ÇSYP kapsamında uygulanacak izleme ve denetim faaliyetleri de tanımlanacaktır. ÇSYP çalışmaları kapsamında toprak ve hava ortamları, gürültü, koku, su kaynakları, atıklar, trafik üzerinde oluşabilecek etkiler belirlenecek ve ilgili etki azaltma önlemleri belirtilecektir.

İzleme gereklilikleri de ÇSYP kapsamındaki izleme tablolarında tanımlanarak sunulacaktır. Buna göre projenin inşaat aşamasında, üst toprak kaybı, toprak kirilliği, aşamasında, üst toprak kaybı, toprak kirilliği, toz emisyonları, gürültü, sızıntı, su kirliliği, atık üretimi ve iş sağlığı ve güvenliği, işletme aşamasında ise kimyasalların depolanması ve kullanımı, atıklar, gürültü, geçim kaynakları, şikâyetler, topluluk çatışmaları, paydaş katılımı, iş sağlığı ve güvenliği ve işgücü parametreleri ÇSYP'de belirlenen şartlara uygun olarak izlenecektir.

Bu Çevresel ve Sosyal Yönetim Planı (ÇSYP)'nin uygulanmasından sorumlu ana kurum, projenin inşaatından ve işletme aşamalarından da sorumlu olan Konya Su ve aşamalarından da sorumlu olan Konya Su ve Kanalizasyon İdaresi (KOSKİ)'dir. Ayrıca, projenin farklı aşamalarında çeşitli taraflar (Yükleniciler, Müşavir firma, Proje Uygulama Birimi, İLBANK, vb.) ÇSYP kapsamında çeşitli konularda sorumluluk alacaklardır. Sözü edilen tüm çalışmalar KOSKİ tarafından koordine edilecektir.

Proje dokümanları ayrıca KOSKİ'nin interne sitesi üzerinden yayınlanacaktır ve talep edilmesi halinde bu dokümanlar KOSKİ tarafından paylaşılacaktır.

Konya halkının hem inşaat hem de işletme aşamasında Proje ile ilgili endişelerini, görüşlerini, şikâyetlerini ve önerilerini almak adına bir Şikâyet Giderme Mekanizması kurulmuştur.

Bu mekanizma aracılığıyla iletilen şikâyetler hızlı ve hassas bir şekilde ele alınacaktır.

Sikâvet Giderme Mekanizması'nın kurulmasından ve uygulanmasından sorumlu kurum Konya Su ve Kanalizasyon İdaresi (KOSKİ) olacaktır. Bu kapsamda proje ile ilgili beklenti, görüş, öneri ve şikâyetlerin paylaşılması için aşağıda verilen iletişim kanalları da ayrıca kullanılabilecektir:

Paydas Katılım Toplantıları

KOSKI:

Telefon:0 332 221 61 00

E-mail: koski@hs03.kep.tr koski@hs01.kep.tr

Tüm iç ve dış paydaşlar, projeyle ilgili şikäyetlerini ve geri bildirimlerini doğrudan devlet yetkililerine iletmek için alternatif ve iyi bilinen bir kanal olarak tüm proje paydaşlarının erişimine açık olan ve ülke çapında kullanılan Cumhurbaşkanlığı İletişim Merkezi (CİMER) gibi diğer şikäyet giderme mekanizmalarından da yararlanma hakkına sahio olacaktır. sahip olacaktır.

- www.cimer.qov.tr Çağrı merkezi:150 Telefon numarası: +90 312 525 55 55



SÜRDÜRÜLEBİLİR ŞEHİRLER PROJESİ-II

Derebucak Atıksu Arıtma Tesisi Projesi

Bilgilendirme Broşürü

EYLÜL 2023













sencon











